



Largest Silver Producer in the U.S. and Canada

MAY UPDATE

MAY 2026

RESPONSIBLE. SAFE. INNOVATIVE.



Cautionary Statements

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements, Including 2026 Outlook

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbor created by such sections and other applicable laws, including Canadian securities laws. Words such as "may", "will", "should", "expects", "intends", "projects", "believes", "estimates", "targets", "anticipates" and similar expressions are used to identify these forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements may include, without limitation: (i) 2026 projected free cashflow is expected to exceed \$900 million at metal prices of \$100/oz silver and \$5,500/oz gold; (ii) Greens Creek pyrite concentrate circuit would potentially produce an additional marketable concentrate, boost overall silver and gold recoveries, reduce mine's reclamation liability, and expand underground mineral reserves, with project updates expected late 2026 or early 2027; (iii) Greens Creek dry-stack tailings reprocessing would reduce mine's reclamation liability and phase 3 metallurgical test work is scheduled to be completed mid-2026; (iv) Midas restart potential hub-and-spoke model leveraging existing infrastructure and permits with regular exploration updates throughout 2026; (v) At Lucky Friday, (a) the surface cooling project is expected to be completed by mid-2026, (b) the mine is positioned to have the best decade in its 80-year history; (c) projected production by decade; and (d) tailings capacity projected to 2044; (vi) optimization at near mine could extend mine life and targeting 1-2 years' additional worth of resources for conversion to reserves and acceleration of Nevada exploration; (vii) medium-term silver production potential of 20+ Moz, including contributions from a Keno Hill ramp up and a potential Midas restart development decision with production within 3-4 years following go-decision with district-scale and hub and spoke operations potential, plus longer-term upside from Keno Hill expansion, Aurora/Hollister; (viii) further (medium to long-term) operational upside potential from: switching to owner operated production drilling and business improvement initiatives geared towards mine and mill tonnage optimization; (ix) ongoing annual exploration spend of approximately \$55M, with Nevada resource target of 0.5 – 1.5 Moz, and next discovery in Silver Valley target of 2027; (x) at Keno Hill, (a) there is a pathway to profitability at 440 tons per day using conservative prices, (b) there is a potential new Bermingham ore shoot and there is potential for a 50M oz resource and (c) projected free cash flow at Keno Hill at 440 tons per day at various silver price assumptions; (xi) Assertions that the silver market will remain in deficit and that industrial demand will remain strong/accelerate and solar would be ~20% of U.S. energy generation by 2050; (xii) Commencement of significant drilling at Aurora in 2026; (xiii) Company-wide and mine-specific estimated silver and gold production for 2026; (xiv) Metals prices and foreign exchange rate assumptions; (xv) Company's projected exploration spend will be 4-5% of expected revenues; (xvi) Company-wide and mine-specific estimated spending on capital, exploration predevelopment, and costs (total cost of sales, cash costs and AISC) for 2026; and (xvii) 2026 capital investment expected to ramp up in the second quarter and remain elevated in the third quarter, and exploration investment expected to increase with exploration success.

The material factors or assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements or forward-looking information include that the Company's plans for development and production will proceed as expected and will not require revision as a result of risks or uncertainties, whether known, unknown or unanticipated, to which the Company's operations are subject. Estimates or expectations of future events or results are based upon certain assumptions, which may prove to be incorrect, which could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements. Such assumptions, include, but are not limited to: (i) there being no significant change to current geotechnical, metallurgical, hydrological and other physical conditions; (ii) permitting, development, operations and expansion of the Company's projects being consistent with current mine plans and, in the case of permitting, there are no significant delays in obtaining the permits; (iii) political/regulatory developments in any jurisdiction in which the Company operates being consistent with its current expectations; (iv) the exchange rate for the USD/CAD being approximately consistent with current levels; (v) certain price assumptions for gold, silver, lead and zinc; (vi) prices for key supplies being approximately consistent with current levels; (vii) the accuracy of our current mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates; (viii) there being no significant changes to the availability of employees, vendors and equipment; (ix) the Company's plans for development and production will proceed as expected and will not require revision as a result of risks or uncertainties, whether known, unknown or unanticipated; (x) counterparties performing their obligations under hedging instruments and put option contracts; (xi) sufficient workforce is available and trained to perform assigned tasks; (xii) weather patterns and rain/snowfall within normal seasonal ranges so as not to impact operations; ; (xiii) relations with interested parties, including First Nations and Native Americans, remain productive; (xiv) maintaining availability of water rights; (xv) factors do not arise that reduce available cash balances; and (xvi) there being no material increases in our current requirements to post or maintain reclamation and performance bonds or collateral related thereto. In addition, material risks that could cause actual results to differ from forward-looking statements include but are not limited to: (i) gold, silver and other metals price volatility; (ii) operating risks; (iii) currency fluctuations; (iv) increased production costs and variances in ore grade or recovery rates from those assumed in mining plans; (v) community relations; and (vi) litigation, political, regulatory, labor and environmental risks. For a more detailed discussion of such risks and other factors, see the Company's Form 10-K filed on February 17, 2026 and Form 10-Q filed on May 5, 2026, for a more detailed discussion of factors that may impact expected future results, including with respect to permitting and infrastructure at Keno Hill. The Company undertakes no obligation and has no intention of updating forward-looking statements other than as may be required by law.

Qualified Person (QP)

Kurt D. Allen, MSc., CPG, VP-Exploration of Hecla Mining Company and Paul W. Jensen, MSc., CPG, Chief Geologist of Hecla Limited, serve as a Qualified Persons under S-K 1300 and NI 43-101 for Hecla's mineral projects. Mr. Allen supervised the preparation of the scientific and technical information concerning exploration activities while Mr. Jensen supervised the preparation of mineral resources for this presentation. Technical Report Summaries for the Company's Greens Creek, Lucky Friday and Keno Hill properties are filed as exhibits 96.1 - 96.4, respectively, to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 and are available at www.sec.gov. Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, quality assurance program and quality control measures and a summary of analytical or testing procedures for (i) the Greens Creek Mine are contained in its Technical Report Summary and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report for the Greens Creek Mine" effective date December 31, 2018, (ii) the Lucky Friday Mine are contained in its Technical Report Summary and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report for the Lucky Friday Mine Shoshone County, Idaho, USA" effective date April 2, 2014, and (iii) Keno Hill is contained in its Technical Report Summary titled "S-K 1300 Technical Report Summary on the Keno Hill Mine, Yukon, Canada" and in its NI 43-101 technical report titled "Technical Report on the Keno Hill Mine, Yukon, Canada" effective date December 31, 2023. Also included in each Technical Report Summary and technical report listed above is a description of the key assumptions, parameters and methods used to estimate mineral reserves and resources and a general discussion of the extent to which the estimates may be affected by any known environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant factors. Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, quality assurance program and quality control measures and a summary of sample, analytical or testing procedures are contained in NI 43-101 technical reports prepared for Klondex Mines Ltd. for (i) the Fire Creek Mine (technical report dated March 31, 2018), (ii) the Hollister Mine (technical report dated May 31, 2017, amended August 9, 2017), and (iii) the Midas Mine (technical report dated August 31, 2014, amended April 2, 2015). Information regarding data verification, surveys and investigations, quality assurance program and quality control measures and a summary of sample, analytical or testing procedures are contained in a NI 43-101 technical reports prepared for ATAC Resources Ltd. for (i) the Osiris Project (technical report dated July 28, 2022) and (ii) the Tiger Project (technical report dated February 27, 2020). Copies of these technical reports are available under the SEDAR profiles of Klondex Mines Unlimited Liability Company and ATAC Resources Ltd., respectively, at www.sedar.com (the Fire Creek technical report is also available under Hecla's profile on SEDAR). Mr. Jensen reviewed and verified information regarding drill sampling, data verification of all digitally collected data, drill surveys and specific gravity determinations relating to all the mines. The review encompassed quality assurance programs and quality control measures including analytical or testing practice, chain-of-custody procedures, sample storage procedures and included independent sample collection and analysis. This review found the information and procedures meet industry standards and are adequate for Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimation and mine planning purposes.

Cautionary Note Regarding Non-GAAP measures

Cash cost and AISC per ounce of silver and gold, after by-product credits, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA, All-in Sustaining Costs, after by-product credits, realized silver margin, and free cash flow represent non-U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) measurements. A reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most comparable GAAP measurements can be found in the Appendix.

Hecla at a Glance

Company Overview

Headquarters	Coeur d'Alene, Idaho
Stock Ticker	NYSE: HL
Common Shares Outstanding	670.4M ^(a)
Market Capitalization	\$12.6B ^(b)
Cash Position	\$587.6M ^(a)
Long-Term Debt	\$262.1M ^(a)
US\$225M Revolving Credit Facility (+ US\$75M Accordion)	- ^(a)
Dividend (paid quarterly)	\$0.00375/share

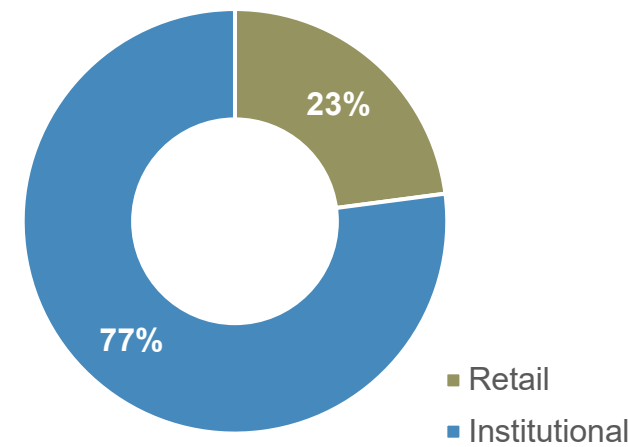
Equity Research Coverage

Firm	Analyst
BMO Capital Markets	Kevin O'Halloran
Canaccord Genuity Corp (Canada)	Dalton Baretto
Cantor Fitzgerald	Mike Kozak
CIBC	Cosmos Chiu
H.C. Wainwright & Co.	Heiko Ihle
National Bank Financial	Alex Terentiew
RBC Capital Markets	Josh Wolfson
Roth Capital Partners	Joe Reagor
Scotiabank	Eric Winmill
TD Cowen	Wayne Lam

Top 10 Shareholders^(b)

Name	% of S/O
BlackRock Institutional Trust	11.88%
The Vanguard Group	9.79%
Van Eck Associates	4.98%
State Street Global Advisors	4.87%
Mirae Asset Global Investments	3.09%
Tidal Investments LLC	2.92%
Geode Capital Management	2.73%
Dimensional Fund Advisors	1.88%
Arrowstreet Capital	1.66%
Goldman Sachs Asset Management (US)	1.57%

Ownership Overview^(b)



Notes:
a. Data as of March 31, 2026. Subsequent to quarter end, the Company completed full redemption of remaining \$263M 7.25% Senior Notes due 2028 on April 9
b. Ownership overview and top 10 shareholders as of March 31, 2026; Market capitalization as of April 24, 2026

North America's Premier Silver Producer

Silver Legacy

- Oldest precious metals mining company on the NYSE with 135 years of history

Best Jurisdictions

- All operations located in the U.S. and Canada

Silver Focused

- Peer leading silver exposure in revenue and reserves

Reserve Dominance

- Average reserve life double of peer group

Project Momentum

- Surfacing value through investment in robust project pipeline

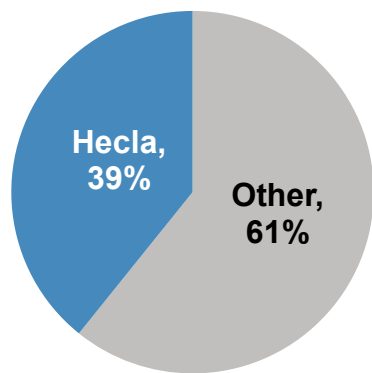
Cost Excellence

- Lowest cost producer among peer group

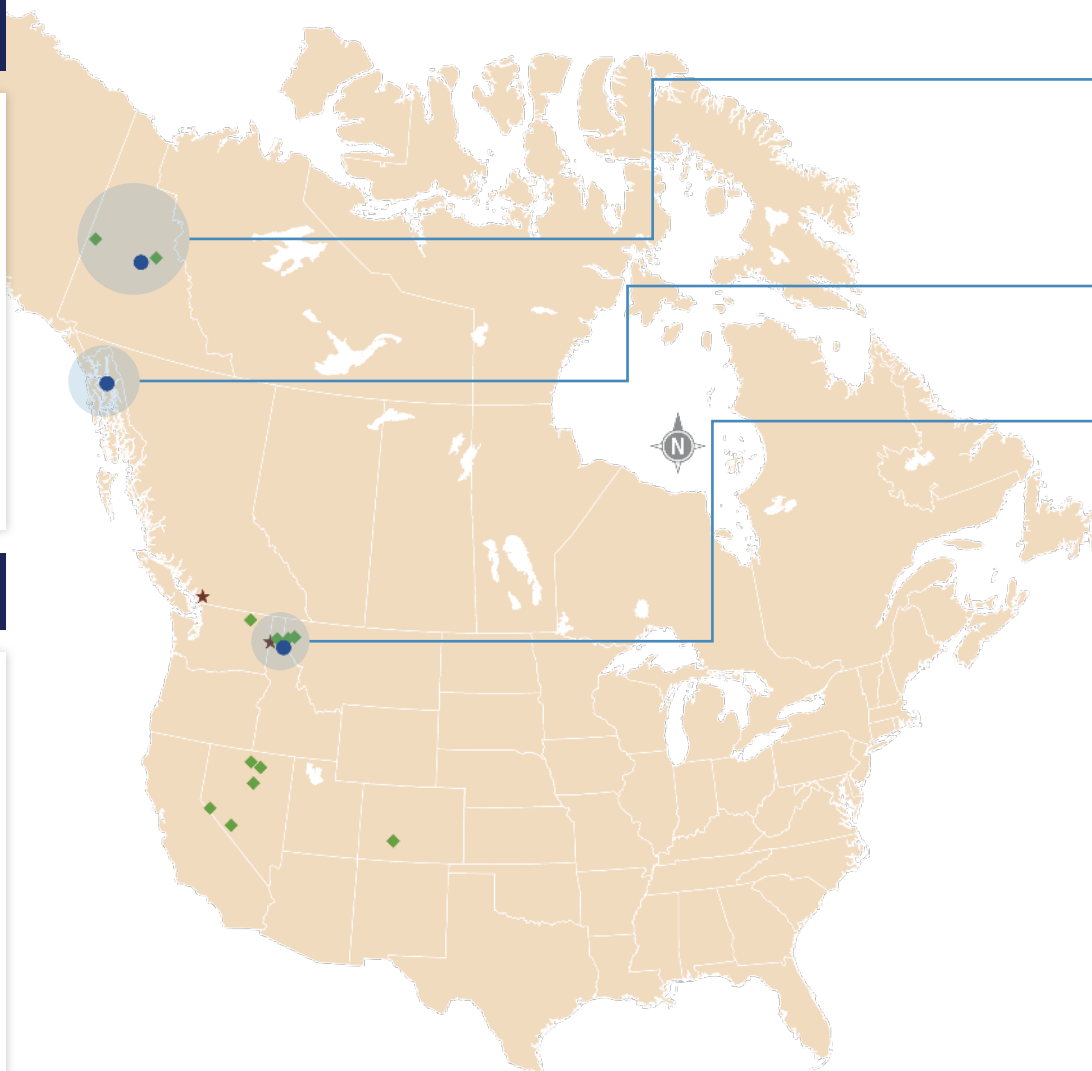
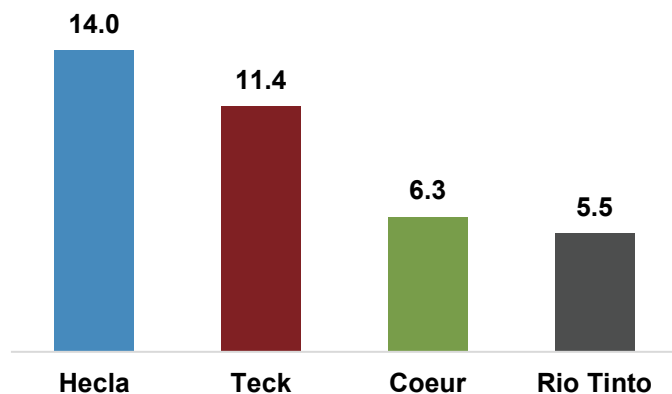


Our Asset Portfolio: Low Risk Jurisdictions

2025 U.S. Silver Production



2025 U.S. Silver Production (Moz)



Yukon

Connaught, Dawson, Yukon
Rackla, Mayo, Yukon
🔍 **Keno Hill, Mayo, Yukon**

Alaska

🔍 **Greens Creek, Admiralty Island, Alaska**

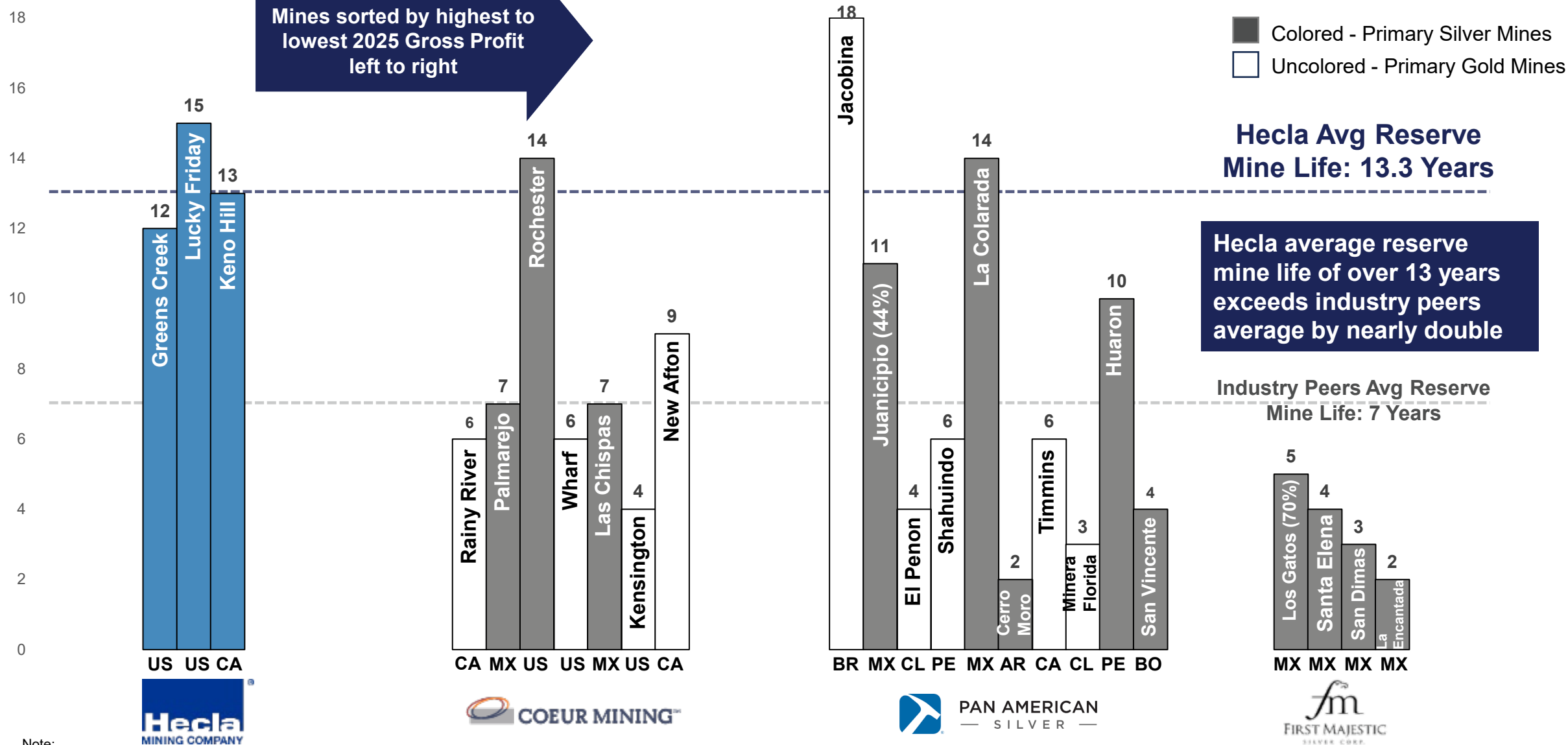
Idaho

Silver Valley / Star, Wallace, Idaho
🔍 **Lucky Friday, Mullan, Idaho**

Other Exploration Projects

Republic, Republic, Washington
Rock Creek, Noxon, Montana
Libby Exploration Project, Libby, Montana
San Juan Silver, Creede, Colorado
Hollister, Elko County, Nevada
Midas, Elko County, Nevada
Fire Creek, Lander County, Nevada
Aurora, Mineral County, Nevada
Monte Cristo, Esmeralda County, Nevada

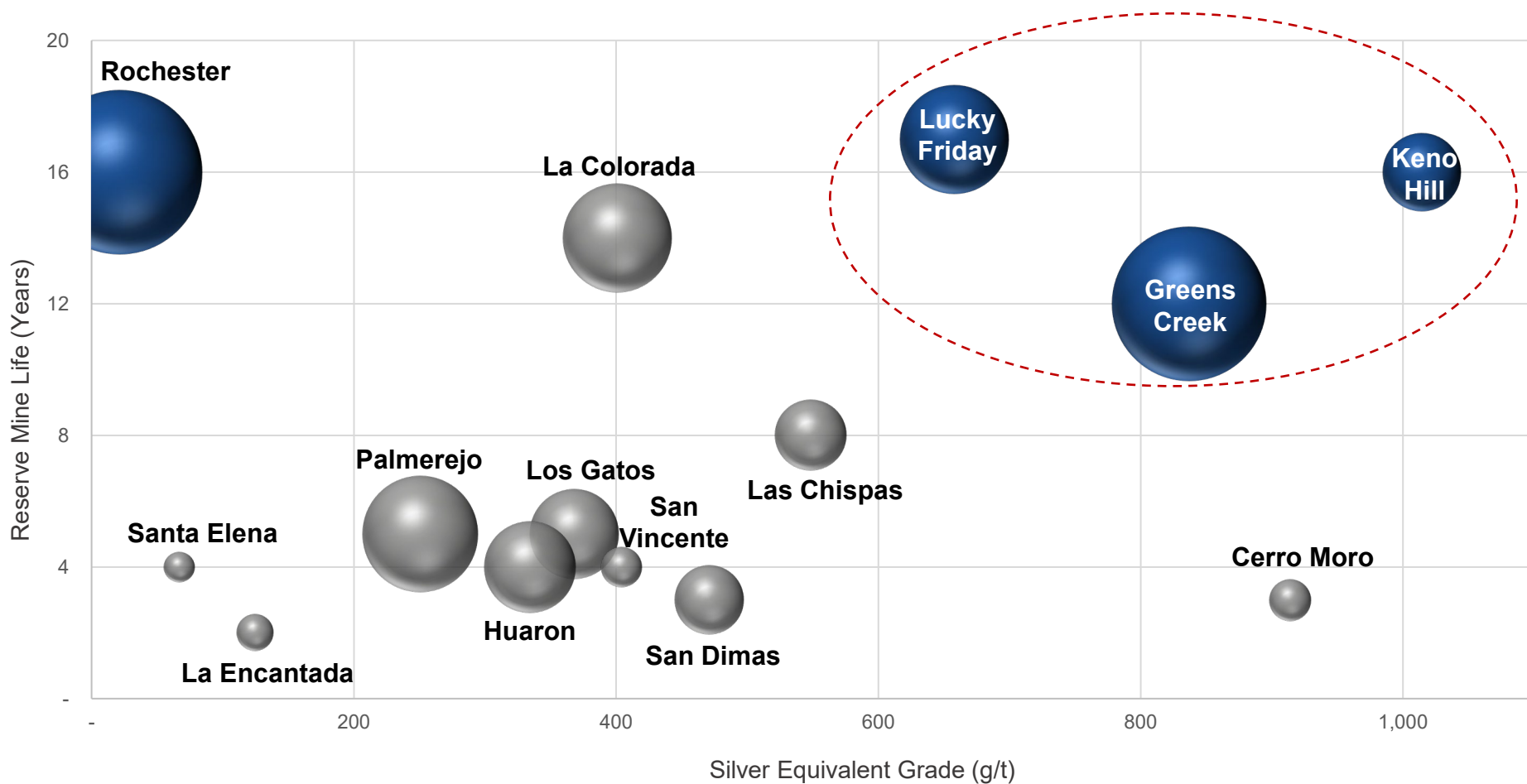
Why Invest in Hecla? Industry Leading Reserve Mine Life



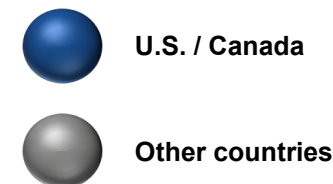
Note:

1. Reserve mine life is calculated by dividing reserves tons by nameplate throughput capacity; mines sorted by 2025 gross profit, with highest gross profit assets on left and declining gross profit to right
2. Country Acronyms: US – United States of America, CA – Canada, MX – Mexico, BR – Brazil, PE – Peru, CL – Chile, AR – Argentina, BO – Bolivia
3. HL, CDE reserves life updated for YE 2025, Rainy River and New Afton using 2024 reserves life, PAAS reserve life updated for June 2025, AG using YE 2024 reserves life

Why Invest in Hecla? High Grades, Long Reserve Lives, Best Jurisdictions



Hecla's silver portfolio has an **unparalleled combination** of high grades, long reserve lives, and best jurisdictions



Notes:

- Peers include Pan American Silver, Coeur, and First Majestic. Bubble size based on the latest reported silver equivalent reserves in ounces. Hecla, Coeur, data as of December 31, 2025, First Majestic data as of December 31, 2024, Pan American Silver data as of June 30, 2025.
- Silver equivalent calculation based on reserve metal prices: Au: \$2,100/oz, Ag: \$25.00/oz, Pb: \$0.90/lb, Zn: \$1.15/lb, Cu: \$4.00/lb

Why Invest in Hecla? Peer Leading Silver Exposure

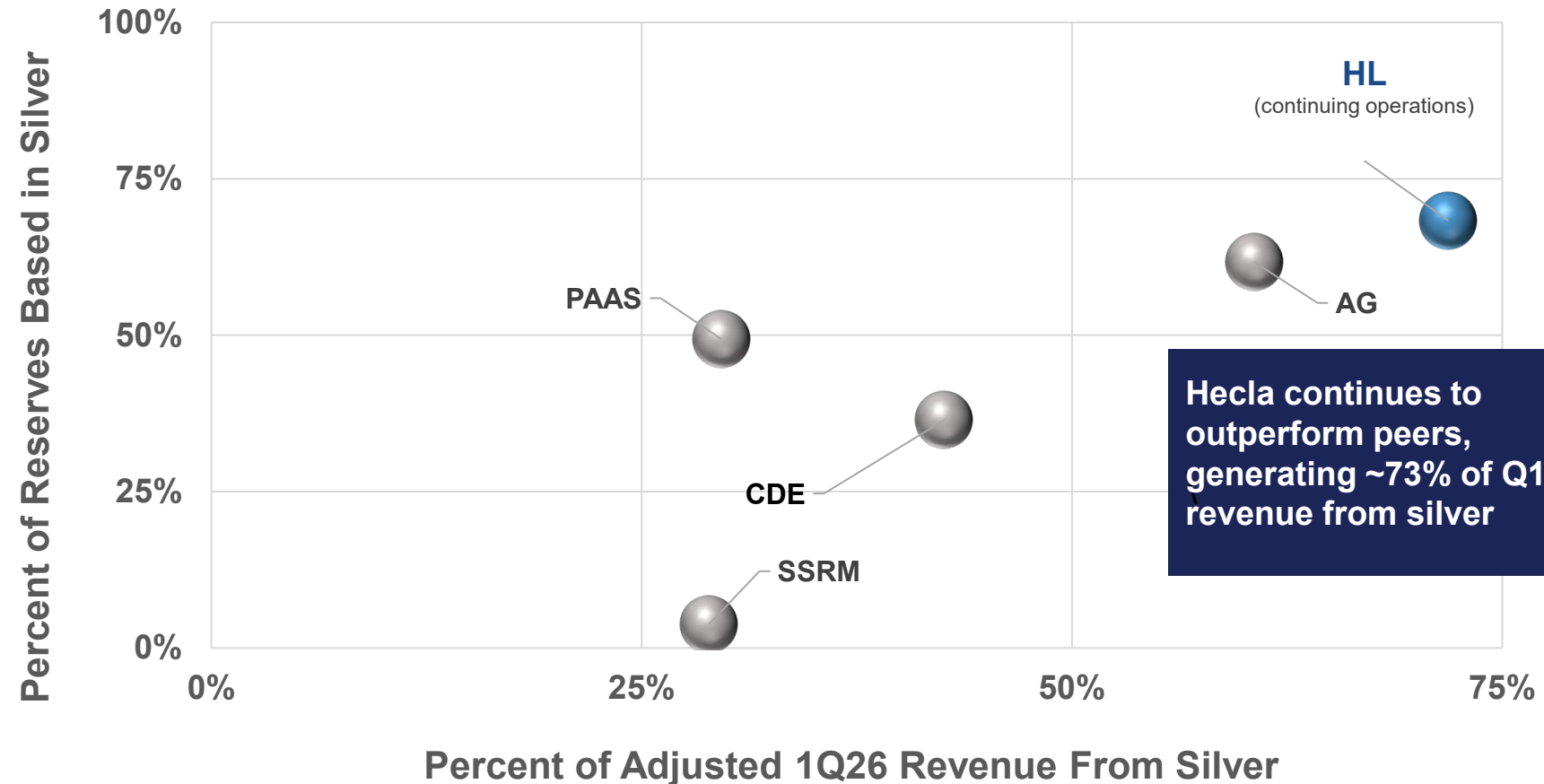
Substantial silver revenue exposure

- Hecla ("HL") derived ~73% of Q1 2026 revenue from silver from continuing operations.

Asset portfolio heavily focused on silver

- HL revenues, reserve and resource base heavily focused on silver.

Exposure to Silver



Notes:

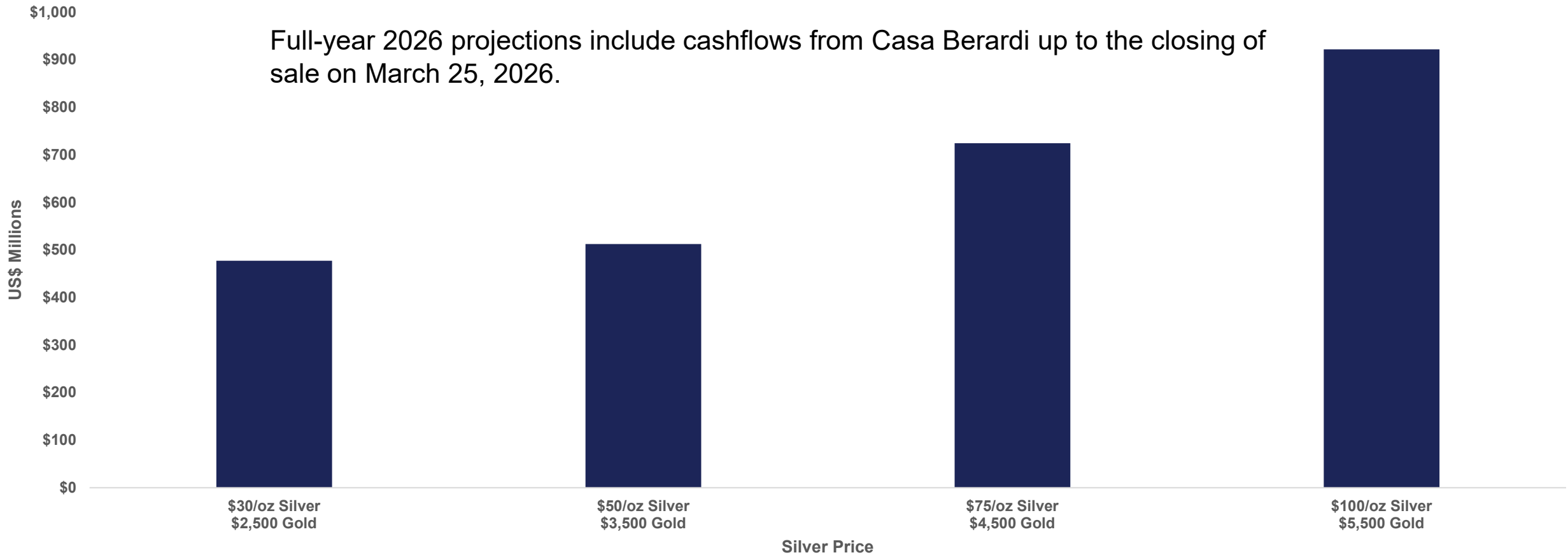
- Reserves as of year end 2025 adjusted to be inclusive/exclusive of attributable reserves from assets acquired/divested (or to be acquired/divested) by AG (GATO), CDE (SIL and NGD), PAAS (MAG), and HL (Casa Berardi)
- Silver equivalent reserves calculated using May 6, 2026 close prices for all metals, Silver: \$77.37/oz, Gold: \$4,691/oz, Lead: \$0.90/lb, Zinc: \$1.54/lb, Copper: \$6.07/lb
- First Majestic (AG) results based on Q4 2025 results

Expected Robust Free Cash Flow Generation

Over \$900M in free cash flow⁽²⁾ at \$100 Silver and \$5,500 Gold

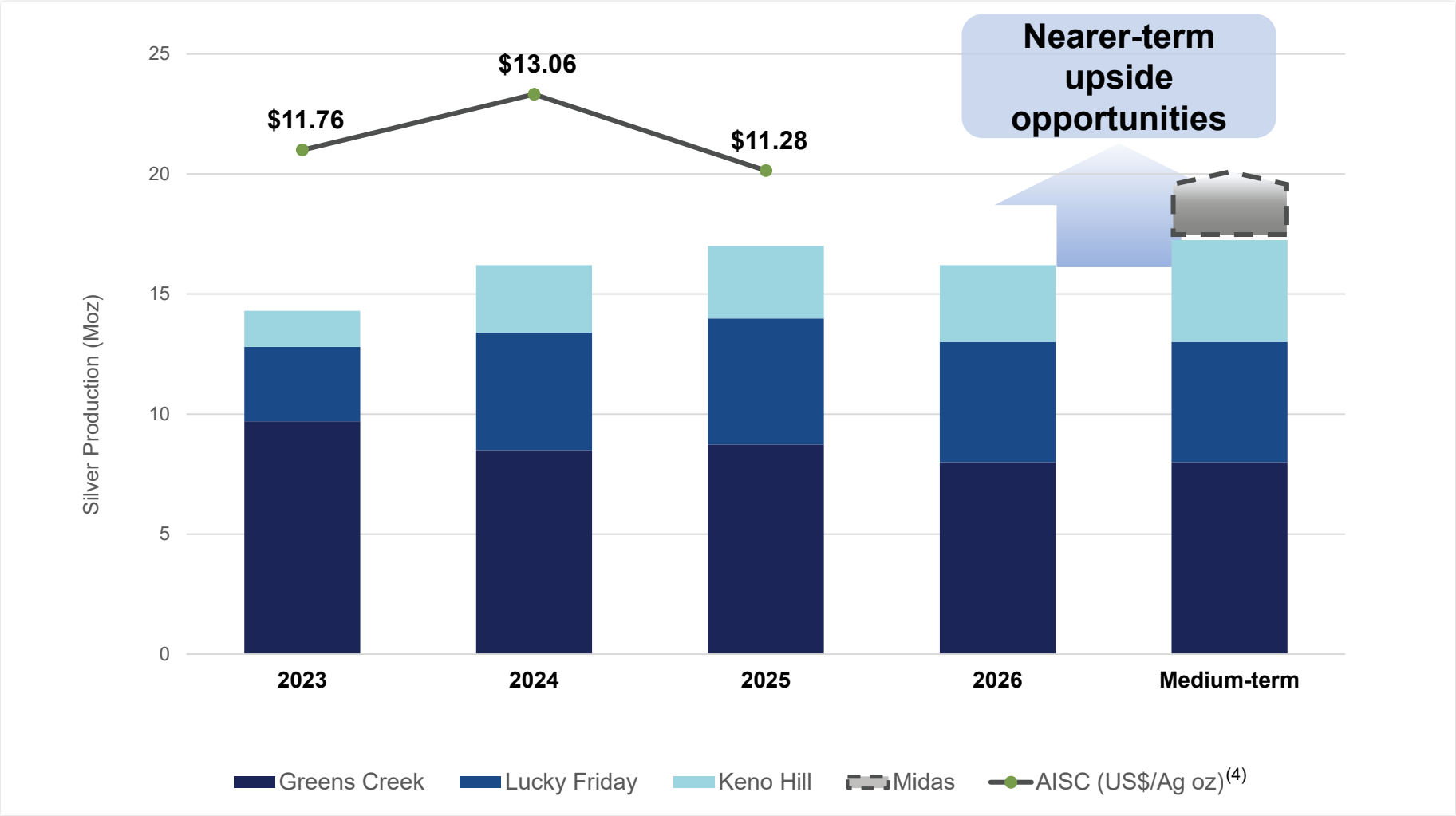
Projected 2026 Free Cashflow
Price Sensitivity

Full-year 2026 projections include cashflows from Casa Berardi up to the closing of sale on March 25, 2026.



Medium-Term Outlook Potential: 20+ Moz Silver Producer

Significant silver production growth potential over medium-term



Silver Production Growth Potential: 20 Moz

- 15.1-16.5 Moz in 2026
- Nearer-term upside opportunities:
 - Greens Creek pyrite concentrate circuit
 - Greens Creek tailings reprocessing
- Project pipeline supports potential of 20 Moz over medium term, driven by potential:
 - Keno Hill 440 tpd ramp up
 - Midas production restart
- Further (long-term) upside potential from:
 - Keno Hill expansion
 - Aurora and/or Hollister

Project Pipeline Update - Growth Opportunities



Greens Creek Pyrite Concentrate Circuit

- Outcome potentials:
 - Additional marketable concentrate
 - Boost overall silver and gold recoveries
 - Reduce mine's reclamation liability
 - Expand underground mineral reserves
- Low-capital-intensity project

Catalyst: Expect project update late 2026 or early 2027



Greens Creek Dry Stack Tailings Reprocessing

- ~10.4 Mtons of tailings with estimated 50 Moz silver and 600 Koz gold
- In-situ values of contained metals at YE 2025 was approx. \$6.8B*
- Potential to reduce mine's reclamation liability

Catalyst: Phase 3 metallurgical test work scheduled to be completed mid-2026



Midas Restart Project

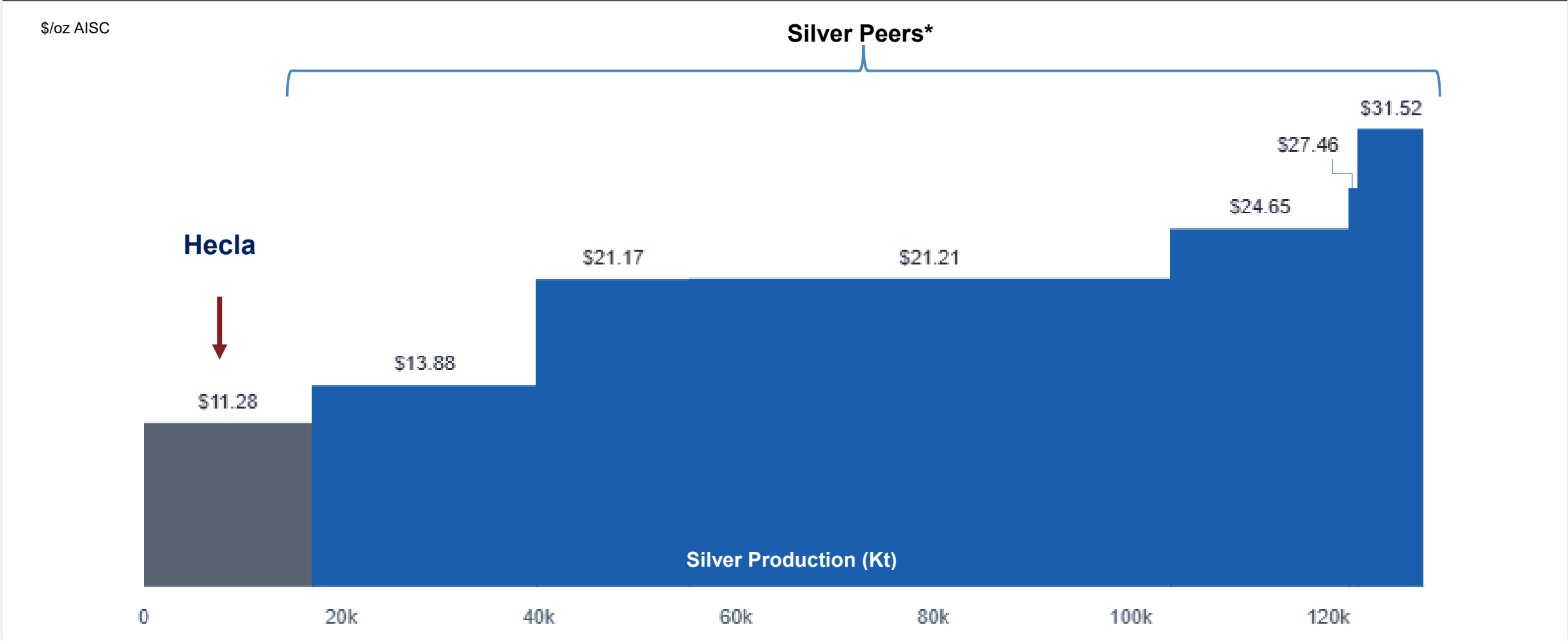
- Existing high-grade gold and silver resource
- Fully permitted mill at $\pm 1,200$ tpd capacity
- Permitted tailings facility of approx. 15 years storage capacity
- Fully permitted surface infrastructure

Catalyst: Regular Midas exploration updates throughout 2026

* Estimate calculated using December 31, 2025 close prices for all metals: Ag: \$71.66/oz, Au: \$4,319/oz, Pb: \$0.91/lb, Zn: \$1.41/lb, Cu: \$5.63/lb

Low-cost Profile Silver Assets

2025 Actual AISC⁽⁴⁾: Hecla Is Strongly Positioned at the Lower End of the Silver Cost Curve



Capital Allocation: Disciplined Strategy Driving Value Creation

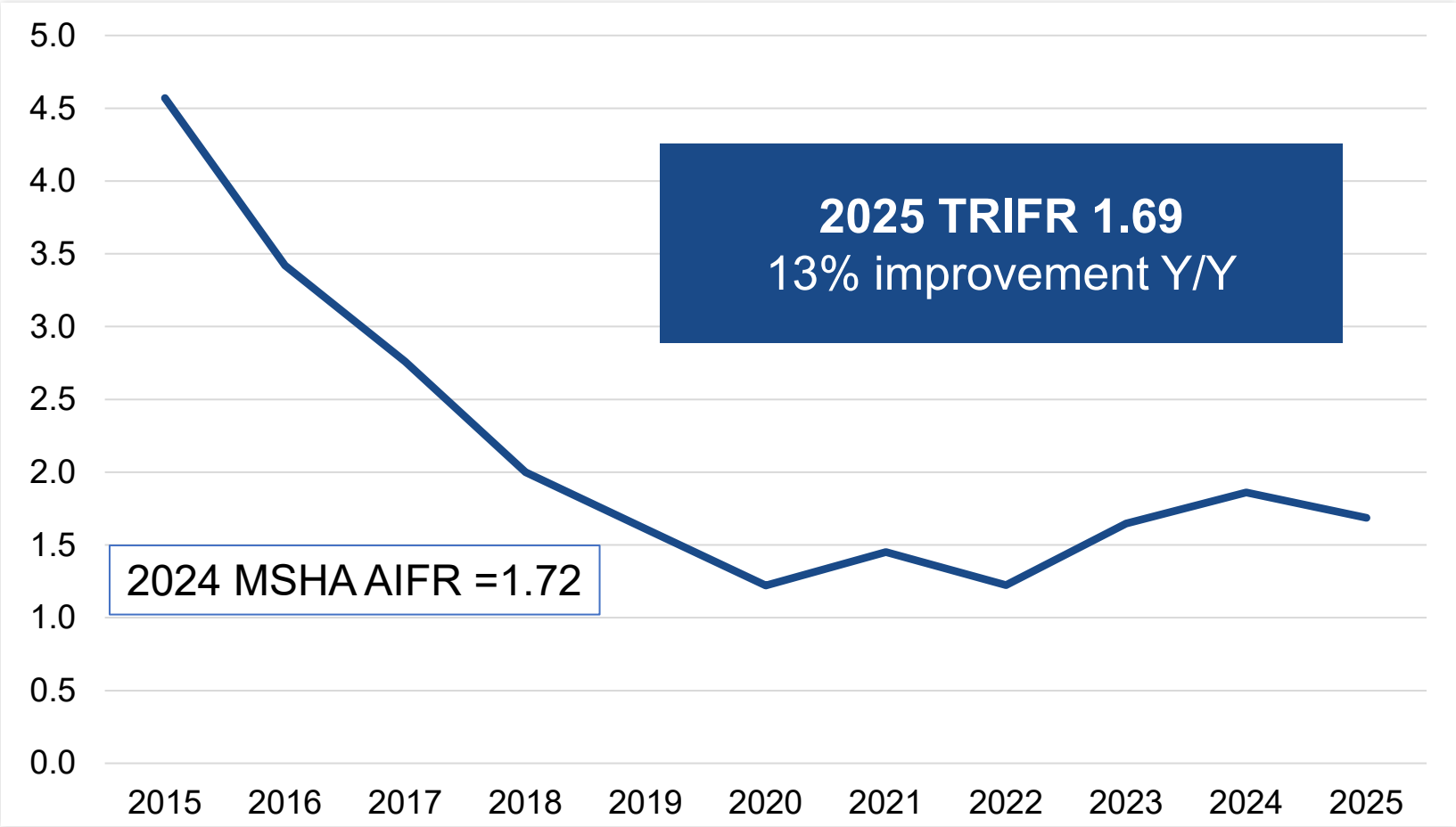
	Safety & Environmental Excellence	Sustaining & Growth Capital	Exploration	Balance Sheet Strength/ Deleveraging	Strategic Investments	Shareholder Returns
Conceptual Returns	-	10 - 15%	Asymmetric Potential	5-7%	Potentially Significant	-
Key Benefits	- Foundation for license to operate - Stakeholder trust	- Sustain/increases production and cash flow - Low-risk organic growth	- Replenishes reserves - Growth optionality - Essential for long-term sustainability	- Financial flexibility - Opportunistic capacity - Maintain gross leverage <1x	- Organic growth enhancing ROIC - Potential to be low capital-intensive - Addresses growth	- Demonstrates confidence - Tangible shareholder value - Attracts income-focused investors
Key Factors	Evolving standards require continuous investment	- Essential for operations - Conservative metal price assumptions	- Long-dated returns 2-5% of revenues - Brownfield and greenfield projects	- Maintain liquidity - Excess cash has opportunity cost	- ROIC threshold driven - Accretive on per share metrics	Potential for better returns exist within portfolio

Subsequent to quarter end, the Company completed full redemption of remaining \$263M 7.25% Senior Notes due 2028 on April 9, 2026.

Safety – The Foundation to Success

Operational excellence starts here

Hecla: 10 Year Total Reportable Injury Frequency History (TRIFR)



Operational Achievements & Goals

- **2024:** Re-commitment to Safety Values – Safety Day and roll-out of Safety 365: Work Safe. Home Safe.
- **2025:** Focus on specific drivers of incidents
- **2026 Goals:** Fatality Prevention Program and continued improvement of all safety systems



OUR OPERATIONS

Silver mines are in the best third of cost curve

RESPONSIBLE. SAFE. INNOVATIVE.

Greens Creek: Cornerstone Mine, Foundation Of Our Future

Metals
Ag, Au, Pb, Zn, Cu

Location
Alaska

Reserve Mine Plan
12 Years

2025 Economic Impact
\$292M



Ag Reserves & Resources

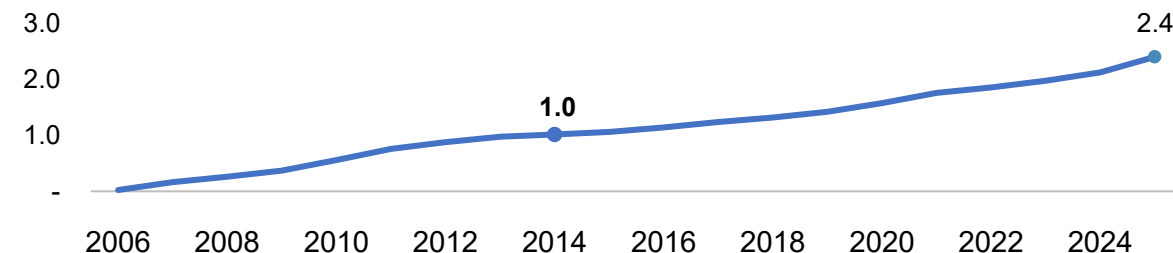
As of December 31, 2025

P&P : 106 Moz

M&I : 89 Moz

Inferred : 23 Moz

Cumulative Free Cash Flow⁽²⁾ (Billions \$)



- Low-cost structure with AISC in best 15th percentile of cost curve of primary silver mines*
- Q1 2026 Production Results:**
 - 2.2 Moz silver and 12.9 Koz gold
- Pyrite concentrate circuit development project evaluation
- Dry stack tailings reprocessing project with phase 3 metallurgical test work scheduled to be completed mid-2026

		Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026 Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	2.2	2.0	7.5 – 8.1
Silver Grade Milled	opt	13.0	12.2	-
Gold Produced	Koz	12.9	12.3	51 – 55
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$82.4	\$80.0	\$287.0
Capital Additions	\$M	\$6.1	\$23.3	\$66 - \$71
Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	\$M	\$125.5	\$79.4	-
Cash Cost ⁽⁵⁾	\$/Ag oz	(\$11.94)	(\$6.67)	(\$9.00) – (\$8.25)
AISC ⁽⁴⁾	\$/Ag oz	(\$8.39)	\$2.70	\$0.00 - \$0.50

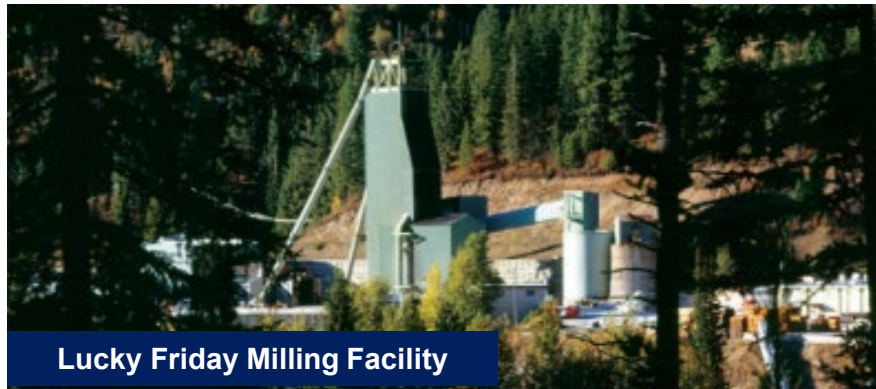
Lucky Friday: 2nd Cornerstone Mine

Metals
Ag, Pb, Zn

Location
Idaho

Reserve Mine Plan
15 Years

2025 Economic Impact
\$190M



Lucky Friday Milling Facility

Ag Reserves & Resources

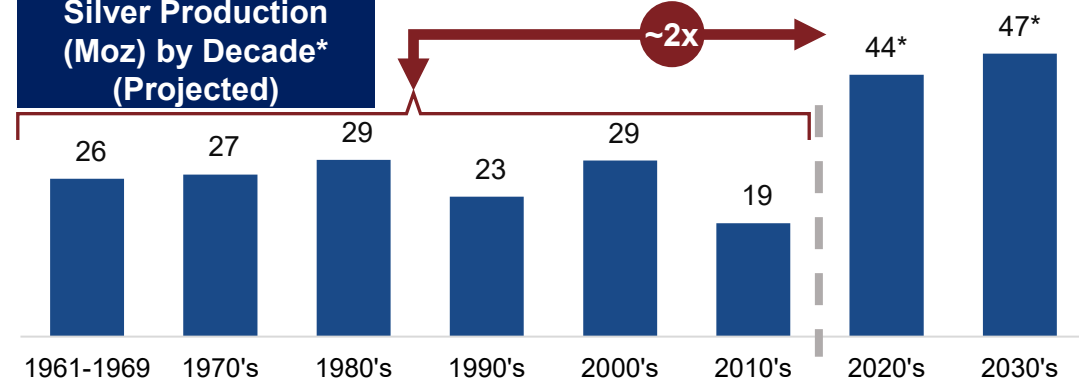
As of December 31, 2025

P&P : 72 Moz

M&I : 41 Moz

Inferred : 26 Moz

Silver Production (Moz) by Decade* (Projected)



- Underhand Closed Bench mining method, investment have positioned Lucky Friday to have the best decade in its 80-yr history
- Surface cooling project infrastructure 81% complete, tracking for completion in 2026
- Union labor contract agreement expires May 2029
- Q1 2026 Production Results:**
 - 1.2 Moz silver
- Evaluating optimization opportunities surfaced through a business improvement workshop

		Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026 Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	1.2	1.3	4.7 – 5.2
Silver Grade Milled	opt	11.9	13.4	-
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$48.8	\$42.7	\$184.0
Capital Additions	\$M	\$17.0	\$24.7	\$68 - \$73
Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	\$M	\$48.6	\$33.1	-
Cash Cost ⁽⁵⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$12.07	\$9.82	\$10.25 - \$11.00
AISC ⁽⁴⁾	\$/Ag oz	\$23.78	\$25.73	\$23.50 - \$26.00

Underhand Closed Bench (UCB) Method

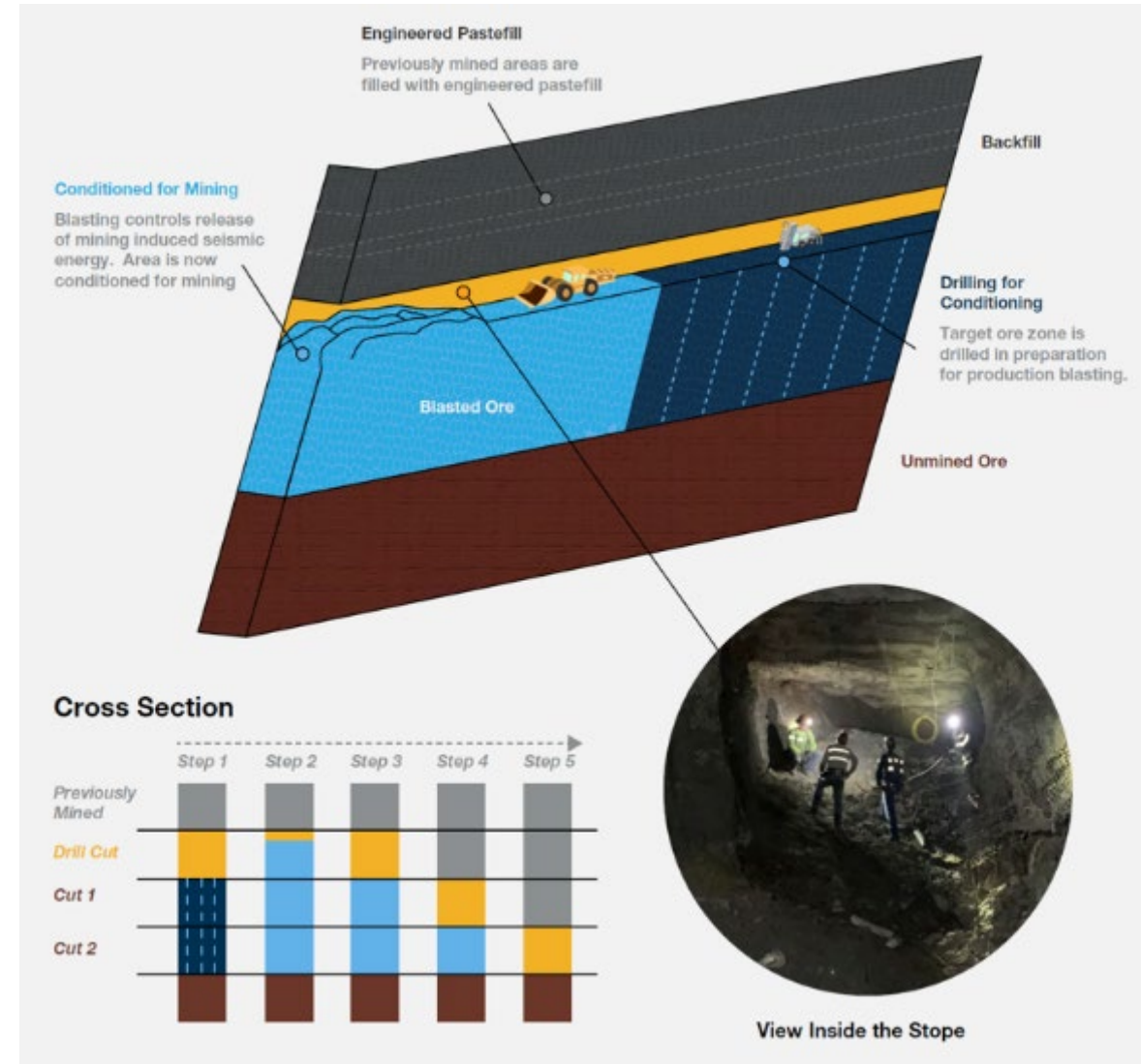
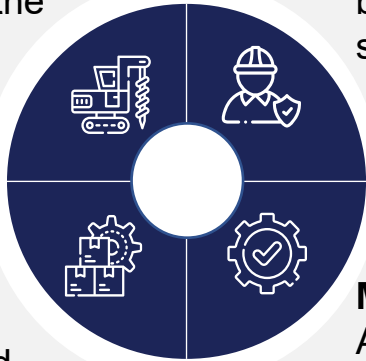
Large-scale blasting proactively helps manage seismic risk and increases throughput

More innovative: uses advanced drilling and blasting techniques to fragment the mineralized ore zone

Safer: miners work below engineered backfill and above a de-stressed zone

More productive: larger and less handheld equipment, more task-based mining

More controlled: Allows for greater control of the release of seismic energy, resulting in improved safety



Lucky Friday Major Projects & Business Improvement Initiatives

Lucky Friday Projects

- Surface Cooling Project on track for mid-2026 completion
- Pond 5 tailings project advancing, expanding tailings capacity projected to 2044
- Further (medium to long-term) operational upside potential from:
 - Switching to owner operated production drilling
 - **Business Improvement Initiatives geared towards mine and mill tonnage optimization. Work continues to evaluate opportunities identified in 2025**



Pond 5 tailings project



Surface Cooling Project

Keno Hill: Largest Silver Producer In Canada

Metals
Ag, Pb, Zn

Location
Yukon

Reserve Mine Plan
13 Years

2025 Economic Impact
\$176M



Keno Hill

Ag Reserves & Resources

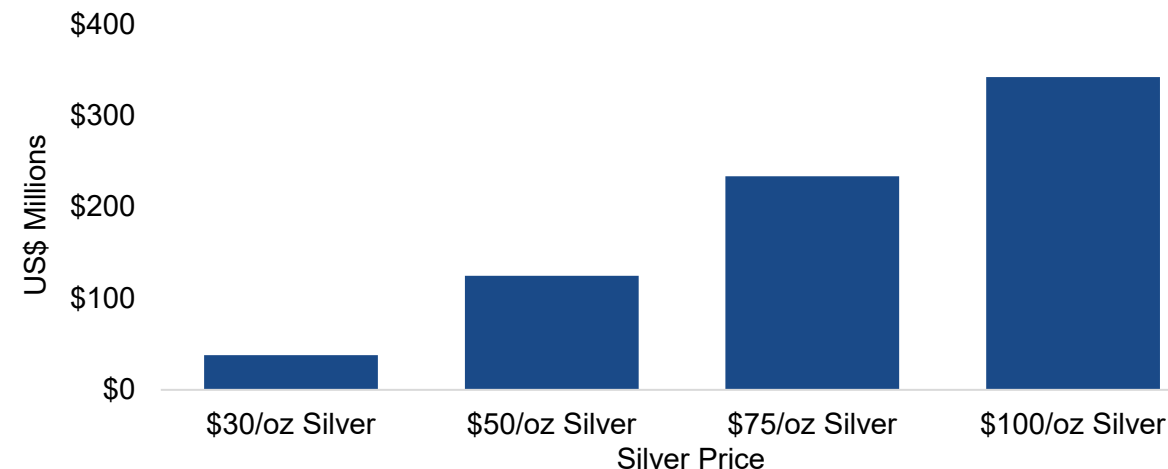
As of December 31, 2025

P&P : 53 Moz

M&I : 14 Moz

Inferred : 11 Moz

Projected Free Cash Flow⁽²⁾ at 440 Tons Per Day⁽⁹⁾



- Land package of 88 square miles, exploration drilling continues to confirm significant exploration potential in the district
- Focus will be on strategic and operational permitting, while advancing mine development and other site infrastructure projects
- Q1 2026 Production Results:**
 - Silver: 489 Koz

		Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026 Guidance
Silver Produced	Moz	0.5	0.6	2.9 – 3.2
Silver Grade Milled	opt	20.8	25.4	-
Total Cost of Sales ⁽⁷⁾	\$M	\$22.1	\$18.7	-
Capital Additions	\$M	\$15.0	\$16.0	\$61 - \$66
Free Cash Flow ⁽²⁾	\$M	\$15.9	\$17.4	-

Note:

(9) Achieving sustained production at 440 tpd requires completing key infrastructure investments and obtaining amendments to the Company's Quartz Mining License and Water License, a multi-year process

Path to 440 Tons Per Day

2025 Mill Throughput

Silver production of 3.02 Moz at
297 tons per day mill throughput



Path to 440 TPD Progress Tracker

Completed

- ✓ Cemented tails batch plant to facilitate underhand mining if necessary
- ✓ Cemented tails batch plant permit authorization (already received, plant is being commissioned)

In progress

- Reliable power supply
- Water treatment plant (designs and upgrades)
- Increase dry stack tailing facility capacity
- Mobile maintenance facilities
- Increase underground development
- Water treatment plant upgrade (Bermingham, Flame & Moth)
- Waste storage for Flame & Moth

Ongoing

- Build relationships with the First Nation of Na Cho Nyäk Dun (FNNND), Yukon Government
- Improve environmental compliance
- Improve safety, training, supervision
- Obtain amendments to the Company's Quartz Mining License and Water License



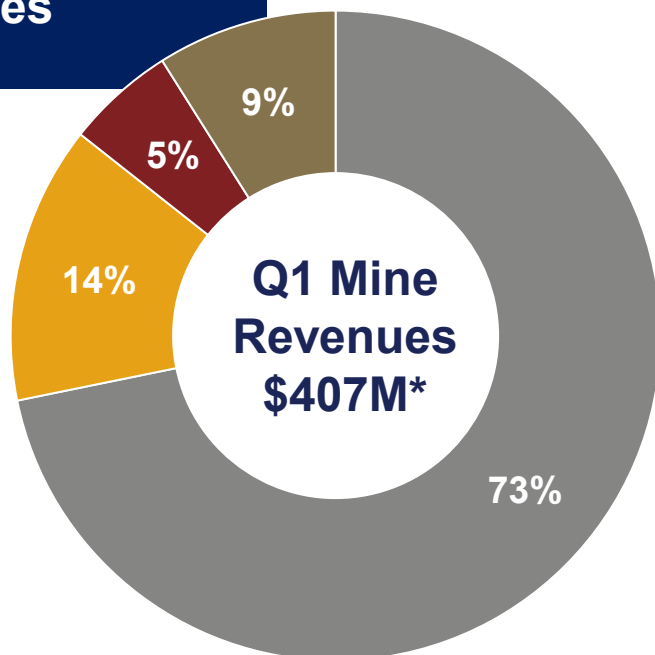
FINANCIAL REVIEW

RESPONSIBLE. SAFE. INNOVATIVE.

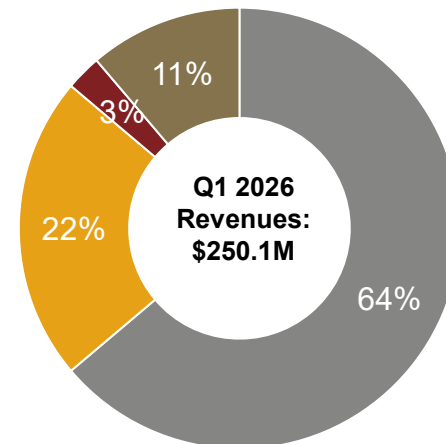
Q1 2026 Financial Highlights – Continuing Operations

Q1 Revenues by Metals

Silver accounts
for 73% of Q1
revenues

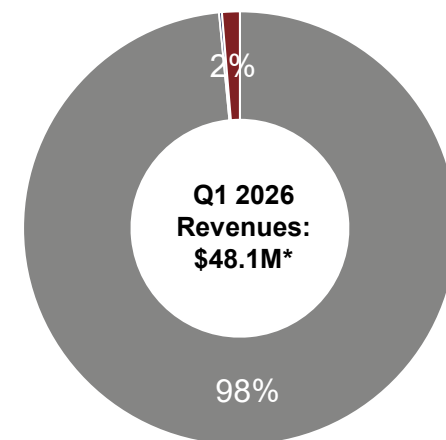


■ Ag ■ Au ■ Zn ■ Pb

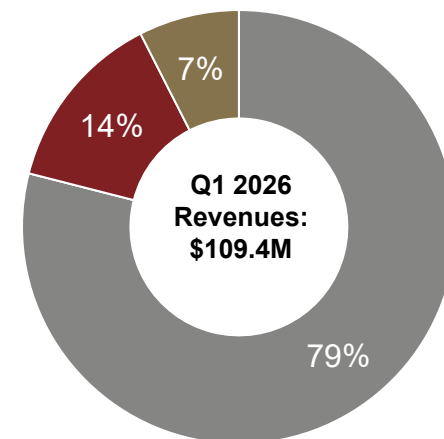


Greens Creek: 62% of Total Revenue

Lucky Friday: 27% of Total Revenue



Keno Hill: 11% of Total Revenue

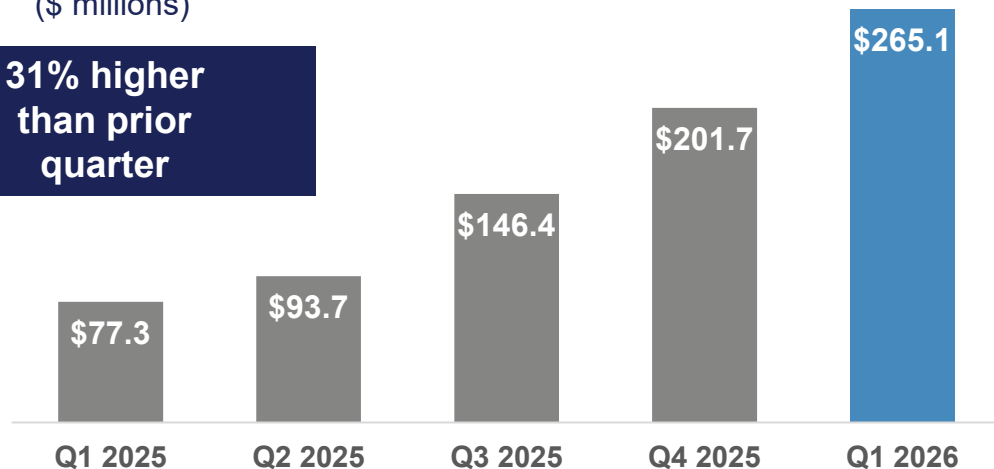


Q1 2026 Financial Highlights – Continuing Operations

Adjusted EBITDA

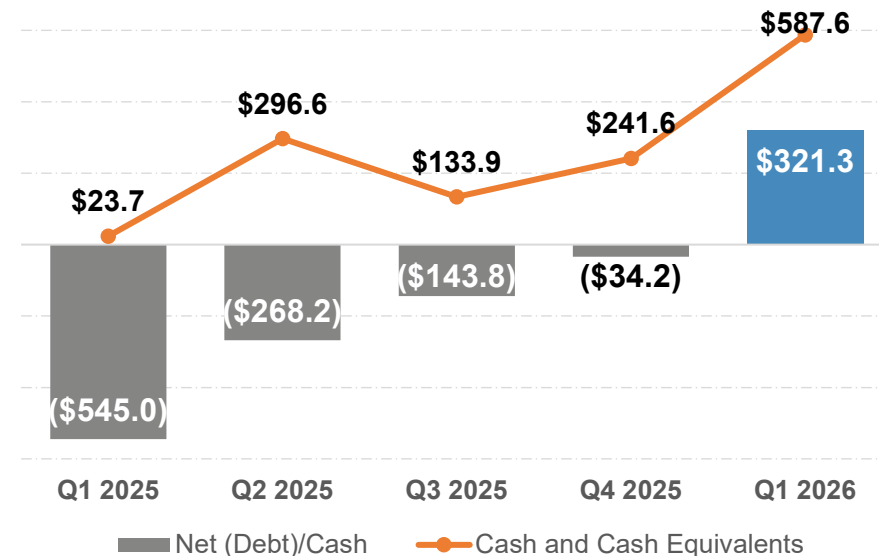
(\$ millions)

31% higher
than prior
quarter



Transition to Net Cash

(\$ millions)

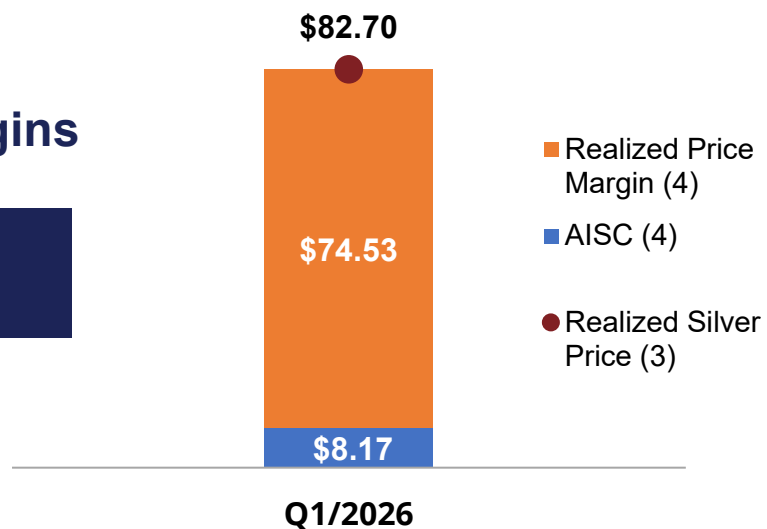


Subsequent to quarter end, the Company completed full redemption of remaining \$263M 7.25% Senior Notes due 2028 on April 9 2026.

Q1 Silver Margins

(\$/silver oz)

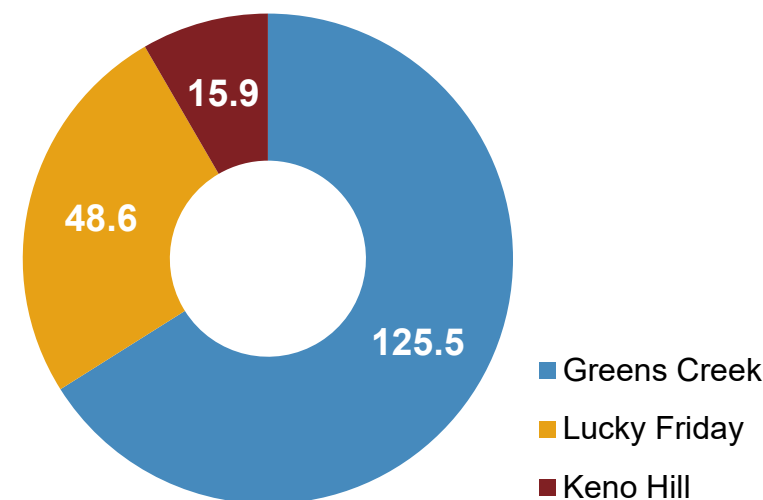
Q1 margin 90%
of realized
silver price



Q1 FCF⁽²⁾

(\$ millions)

Free cash flow of
\$190M
from continuing
operations on a
mine-level basis



EXPLORATION

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Strategic Value Creation through Exploration

2026 \$55 Million investment an all-time record – represents 4.5% of projected revenue

Near Mine: \$24 Million



- Extends mine life
- Provides lowest risk and highest return
- Target: Add 1-2 years' worth of resources for conversion to reserves

Nevada Growth: \$16 Million



- Midas, Aurora, and Hollister
- Potential medium-term production – Path to restart development decision with production
- Target: 0.5 to 1.5M oz gold and silver resource

Early-Stage/Generative: \$10 Million



- Silver Valley and Generative exploration
- Tier 1 deposit discovery potential
- Target: Identify the next discovery for testing in 2027

Unlocking Significant Value by Advancing Our Highest-Quality Projects

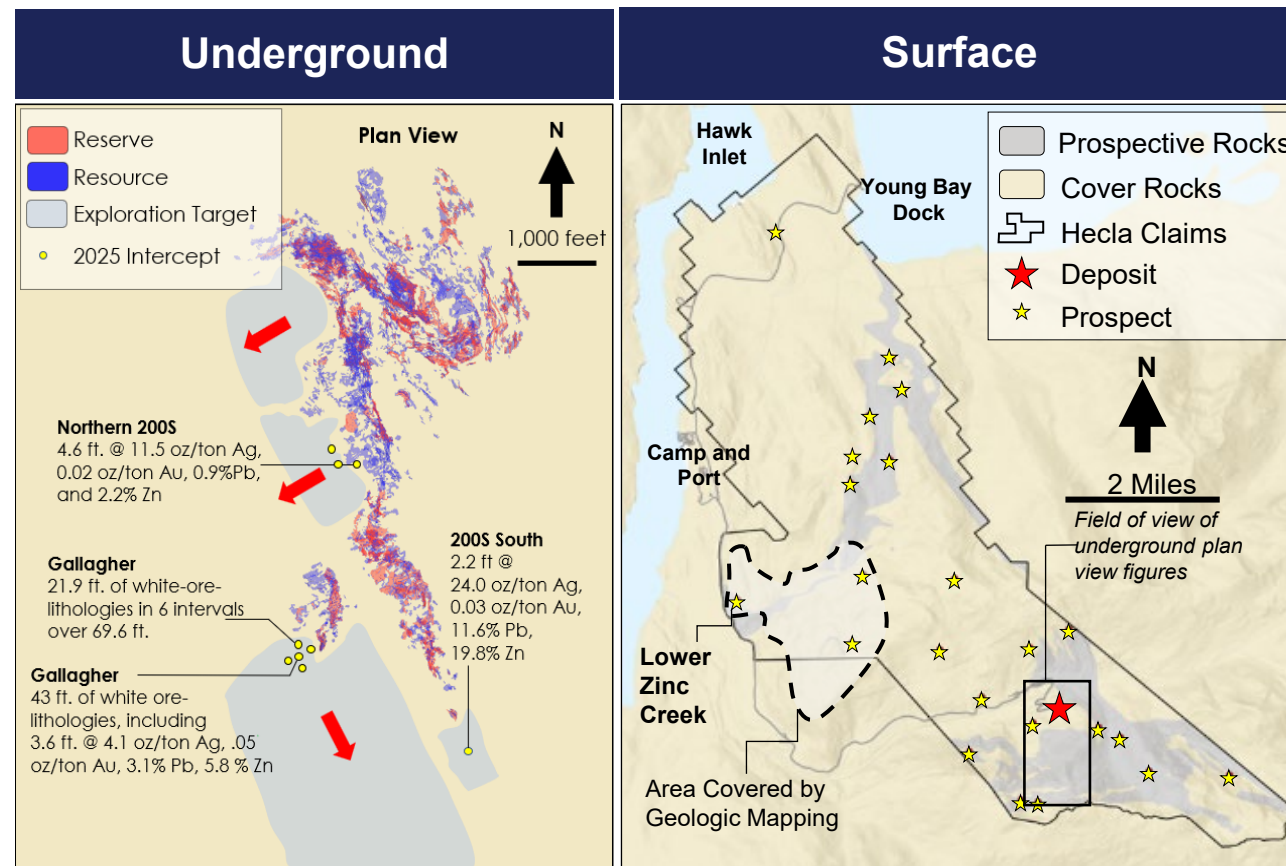
Greens Creek – Extending Mineralization Underground While Advancing Surface Exploration

UG Exploration Results

- **Gallagher** mineralization extended 550' feet down plunge from existing resource
- **200S Zones** showing silver-rich mineralization, warrants follow-up

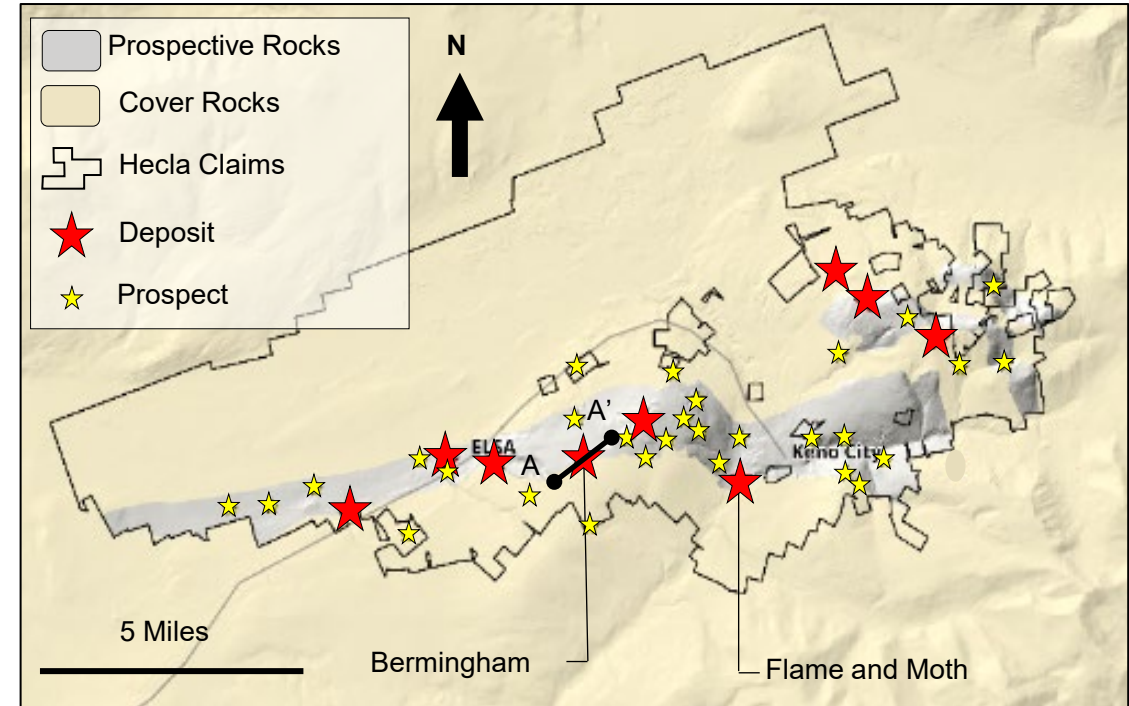
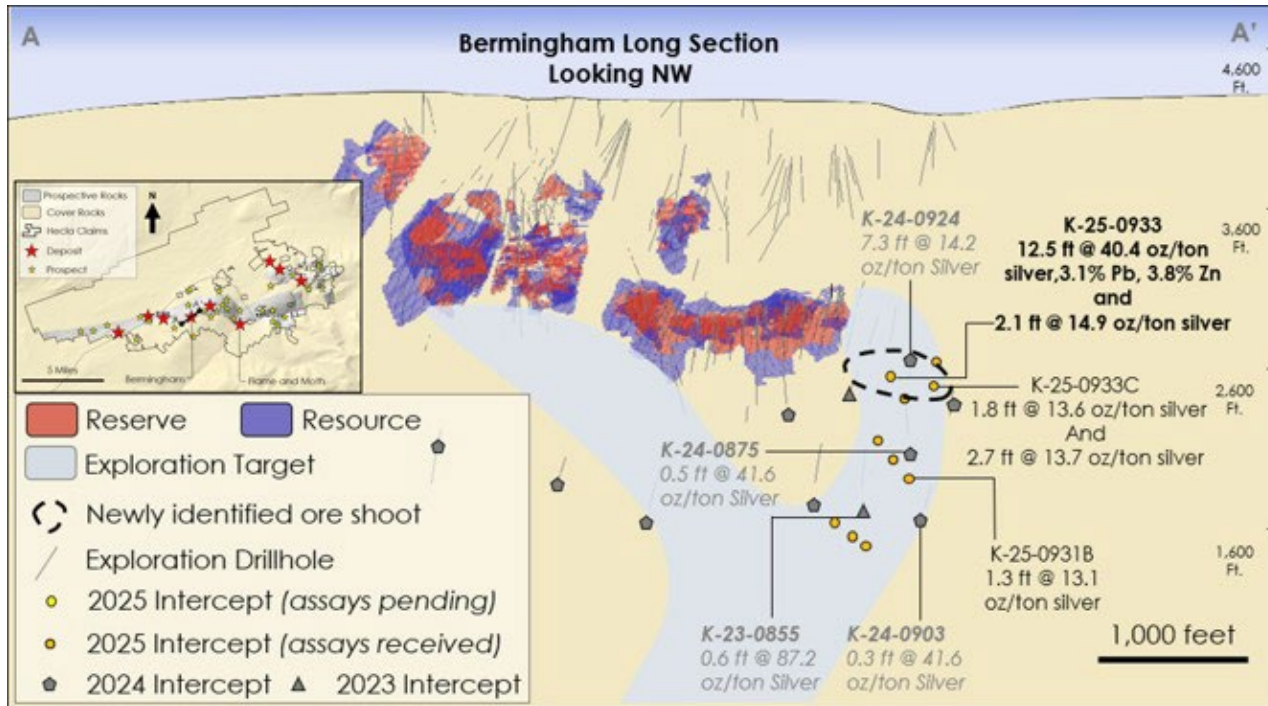
Surface Exploration Program

- 3 target areas drilled (East Ore, Cliff Creek, Gallagher)
- Geophysics and mapping completed
- EA permitting approval received January 2026



Keno Hill Birmingham Discovery – High-Grade Intercepts Indicate New Ore Shoot: Continuing the Trend of Growth in 2025

- Cluster of high-grade intercepts 500' down-plunge from reserve.
- Initial interpretation suggests shallow-plunging geometry
- Targeting additional 50 Moz silver resource potential
- District Exploration:
 - Significant exploration potential occurs at Keno Hill which currently contains 17 exploration targets with >50M silver ounce potential each.



Value Surfacing Opportunities in Nevada

Significant exploration potential,
Minimal regulatory hurdles,
Existing infrastructure



Midas

- Fully permitted mill with tailings capacity
- 2.2 Moz gold, 27.0 Moz silver produced historically at 0.5 oz/ton gold equivalent

Hollister

- Historic production of 0.5 Moz gold equivalent at 0.8 oz/ton gold and 5.0 oz/ton silver
- Within hauling distance to Midas infrastructure

Aurora

- 1.9 Moz gold, 20.0 Moz silver produced historically
- On-site 600 tons per day mill

Midas: Medium-Term Production Growth & Optionality

Leveraging existing infrastructure for capital-efficient growth

Strategic Value Creation

- **2025 successful exploration** program has identified high-grade gold intercepts
- **Infrastructure and permitting advantage**
 - Permitted mill at $\pm 1,200$ tons/day
 - Permitted existing tailings facility with 15 years tailings capacity, utilities and surface infrastructure
 - Technical studies underway to estimate refurbishment costs and timelines
- **Path to production**
 - 2026: Aggressive exploration program
 - 2027-2028: Resource definition & technical studies
 - Production within 3-4 years following go-decision
- **Further value creation**
 - Hub-and-spoke potential with Hollister & Aurora
 - 30,000 acre district with exploration upside

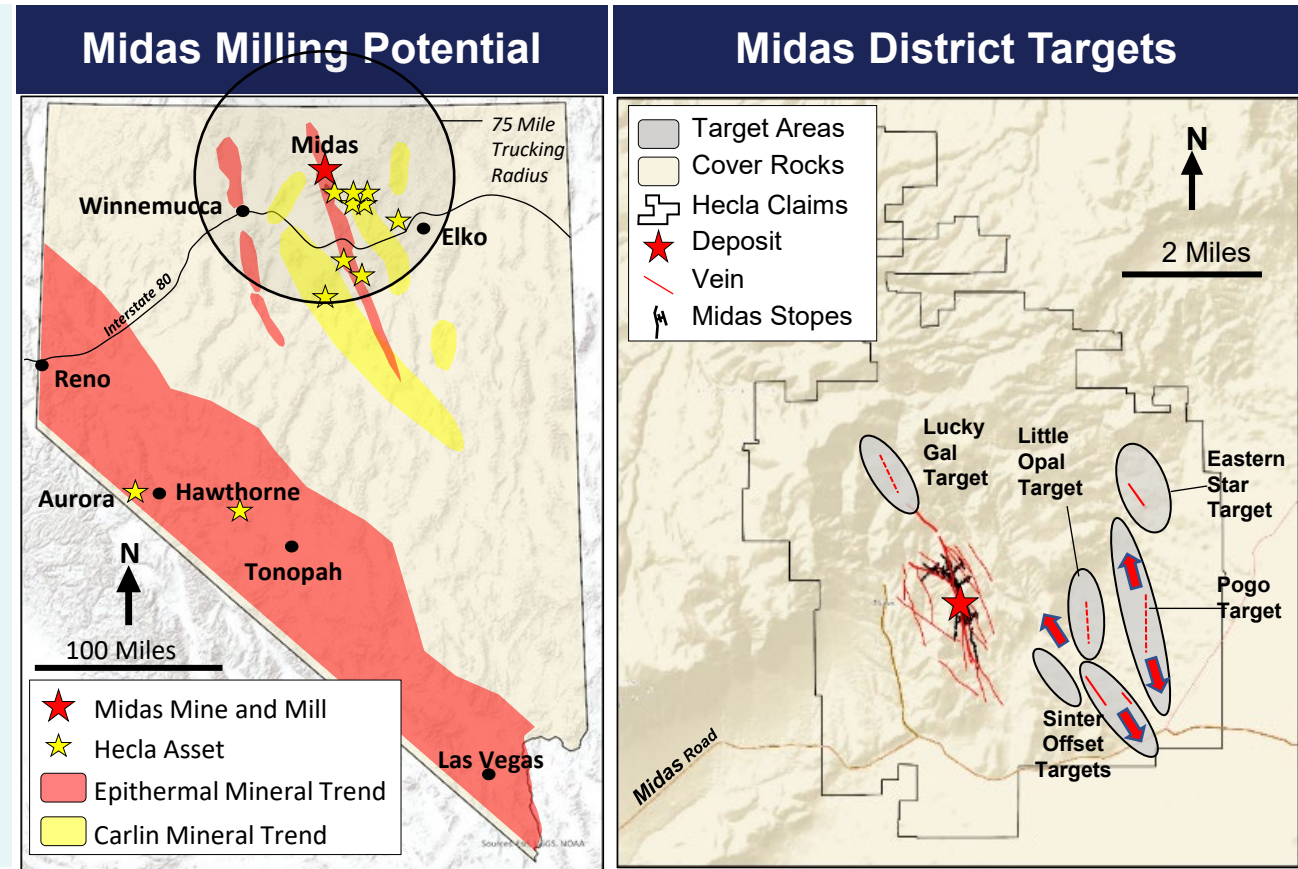
Midas Mill Complex



Nevada Midas: Breakthrough Discoveries with Visible Gold and High-Grade Results

Two new very strong early results from Pogo and Sinter target areas

- **Pogo & Sinter Offset Targets:** High-grade gold intersections at both targets in 2025 with follow-up drilling in progress
 - Pogo - **0.95 oz/ton gold over 2.2 feet**, including **6.42 oz/ton gold** over 0.3 feet.
 - Sinter Offset - **0.46 oz/ton gold over 6.1 feet**, including **1.31 oz/ton gold** over 2.0 feet.
- **6 targets tested in 2025:** Structures confirmed in 5 of 6 targets drilled
- **District-Scale Exploration Potential:** Early-stage results validate our systematic approach to targeting

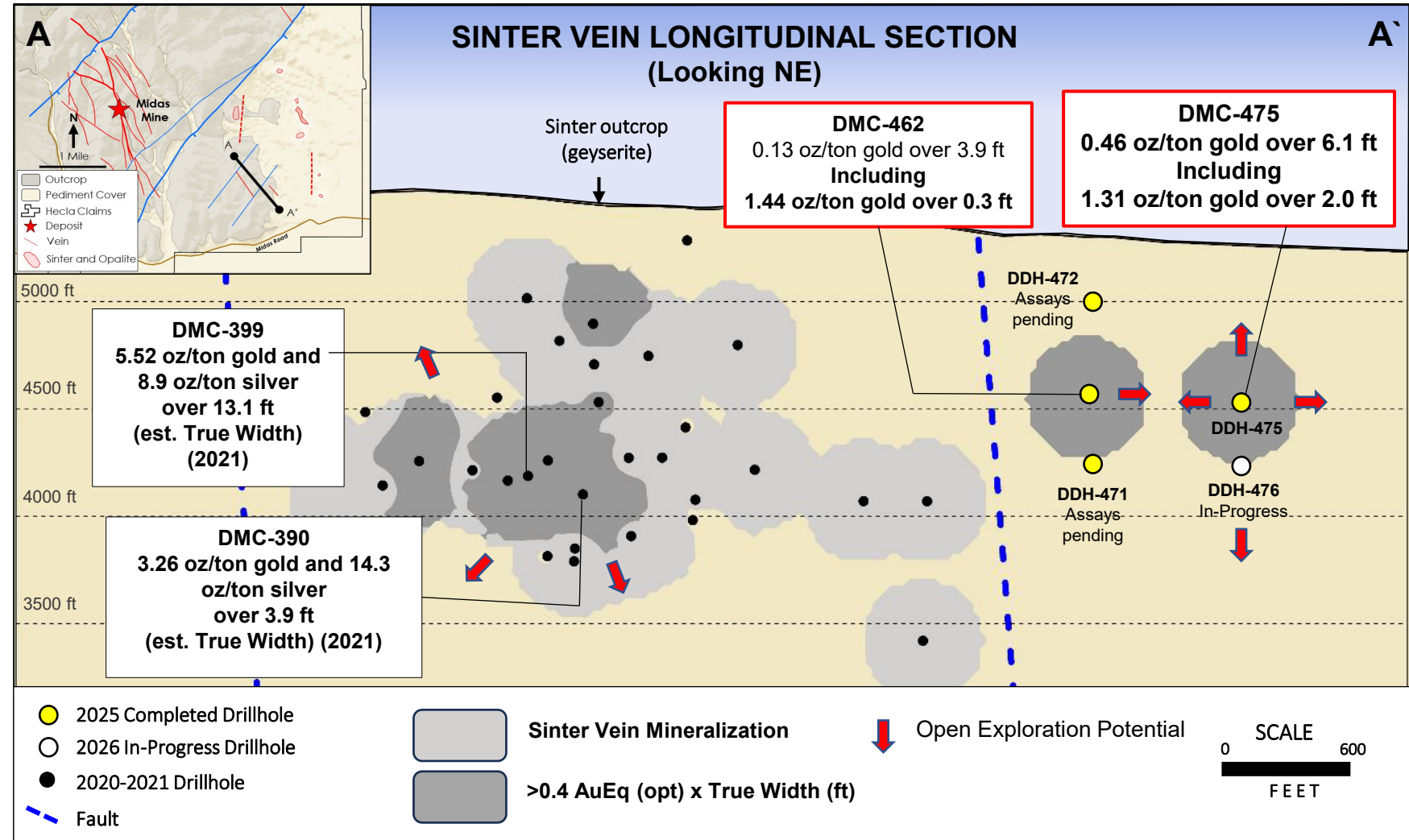


Nevada Midas – Continued High-Grade Results at Sinter Offset

Step-out along strike 720 feet intersects 0.46 oz/ton gold over 6.1 feet

Sinter Offset Drilling

- **DMC-462** - Initial drillhole intercepted a 1-foot vein within a broader (21 feet) zone of alteration. Assays include:
 - **0.13 oz/ton gold and 0.1 oz/ton silver over 3.9 feet, including 1.44 oz/ton gold and 0.5 oz/ton silver over 0.3 feet with visible gold.**
- **DMC-475** - 2 feet of well developed, multiphase quartz breccia within 6.1 feet structure
 - 720 feet SE of initial intercept, similar elevation
 - **0.46 oz/ton gold and 0.93 oz/ton silver over 6.1 feet, including 1.31 oz/ton gold and 2.35 oz/ton silver over 2.0 feet.**
- **DMC-476** – testing 300 ft down dip from the DMC-475 intercept



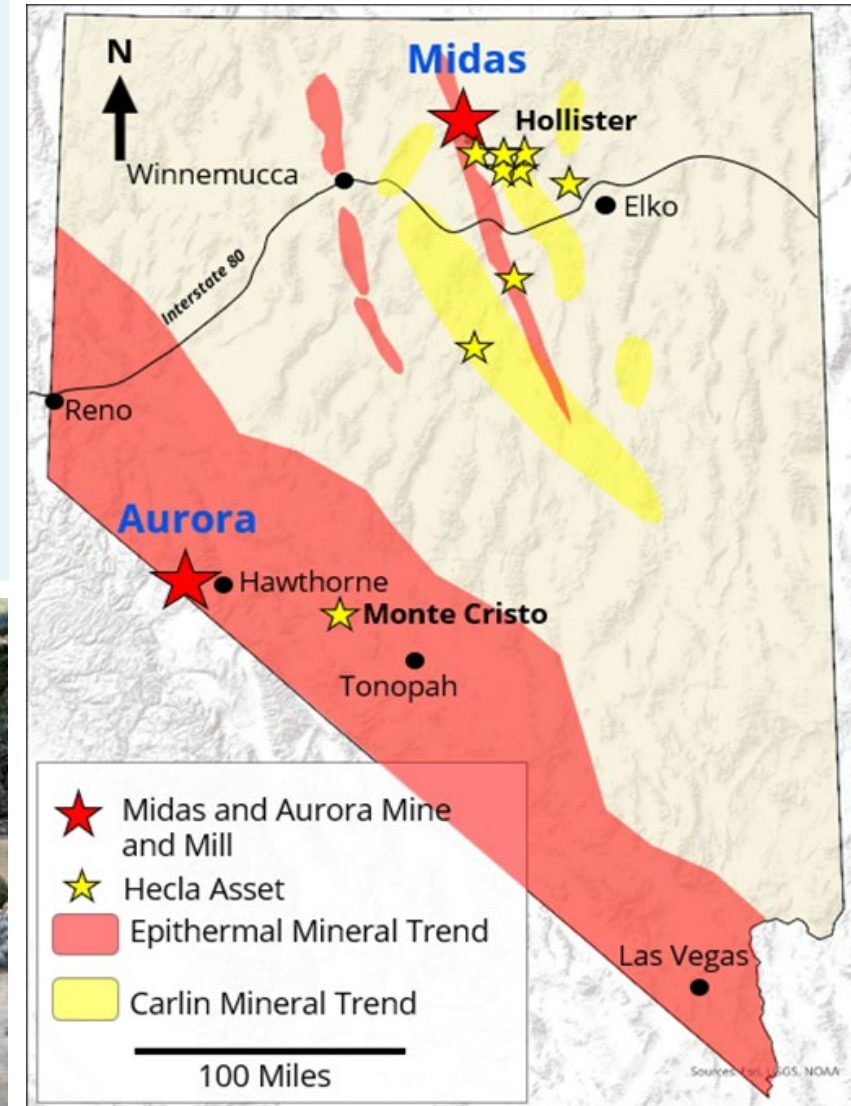
Nevada Aurora - Final Exploration Permit Record of Decision Received

First step in unlocking the exploration potential of one of the highest-grade districts in Nevada

Second Step: Significant drilling of our high-priority targets in 2026, with second quarter target start

- Historic production averaged over 2 oz/ton gold
- Seven drill ready targets defined
- Existing 600 tons per day permitted mill on site

Aurora Mine and Mill



An aerial photograph of a dry, hilly landscape. A river winds through the center of the image, curving from the upper left towards the lower right. The terrain is brown and arid, with rolling hills and valleys. The sky is a clear, pale blue. A semi-transparent white box is overlaid on the left side of the image, containing the text '2026 GUIDANCE'.

2026 GUIDANCE

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2026 Guidance: Strong Margins Maintained

2026 Production Outlook		Silver Production (Moz)	Gold Production (Koz)
	Greens Creek	7.5 – 8.1	51.0 – 55.0
	Lucky Friday	4.7 – 5.2	N/A
	Keno Hill	2.9 – 3.2	N/A
	2026 Total	15.1 – 16.5	51.0 – 55.0

2026 Consolidated Cost Outlook		Total Cost of Sales (million) ⁷	Cash cost, after by-product credits, per silver/gold ounce ⁵	AISC, after by-product credits, per produced silver/gold ounce ⁴
	Greens Creek	\$287	(\$9.00) – (\$8.25)	\$0.00 – \$0.50
	Lucky Friday	\$184	\$10.25 - \$11.00	\$23.50 - \$26.00
	Total Silver	\$471	(\$1.50) – (\$1.25)	\$15.00 - \$16.25

2026 Capital and Exploration Outlook	(millions)	Total	Sustaining	Growth
	Capital Investments	\$204 - \$223	\$143 - \$157	\$61 - \$66
	Greens Creek	\$66 - \$71	\$66 - \$71	-
	Lucky Friday	\$68 - \$73	\$68 - \$73	-
	Keno Hill	\$61 - \$66	-	\$61 - \$66
	Corporate	\$9 - \$13	\$9 - \$13	-
	Exploration & Pre-Development Expenditures	\$55		

The background of the slide is a close-up, high-angle photograph of numerous silver bars. The bars are arranged in a grid-like pattern, receding into the distance. Each bar is inscribed with 'FINE SILVER 999.9' and 'NET WT 1000 g'. The lighting creates strong highlights and shadows, emphasizing the metallic texture and the three-dimensional arrangement of the bars.

SILVER MARKET

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Silver Market Snapshot - Fifth Consecutive Year of Silver Deficit

2025 Total Demand

1,131 Moz

2025 Total Supply

1,090 Moz

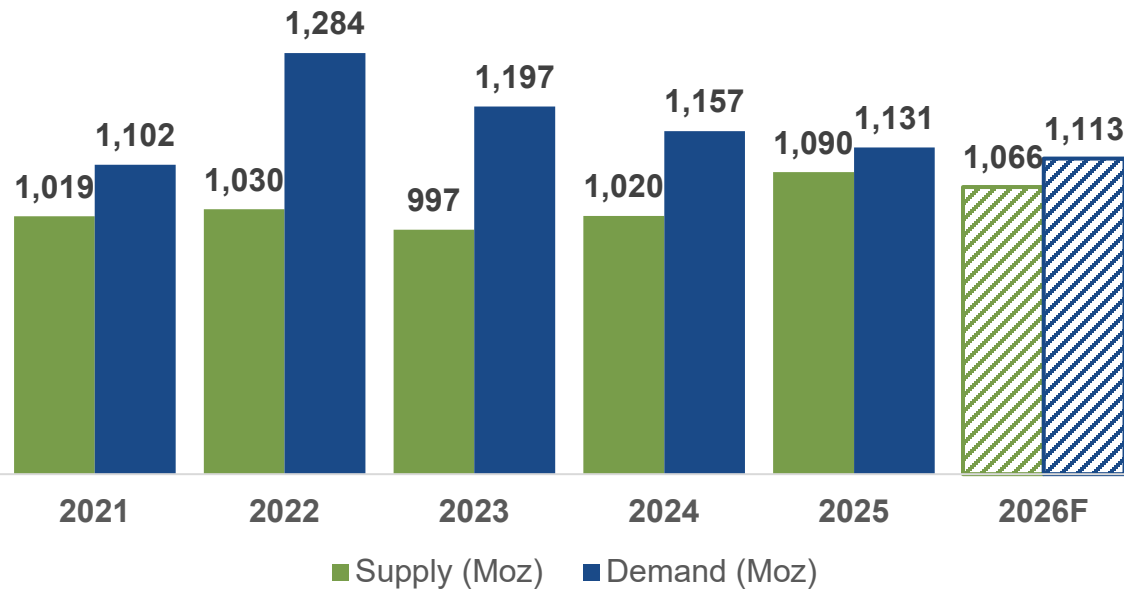
2025 Market Deficit

40 Moz

2025 Avg. Silver Price

\$40.03/oz

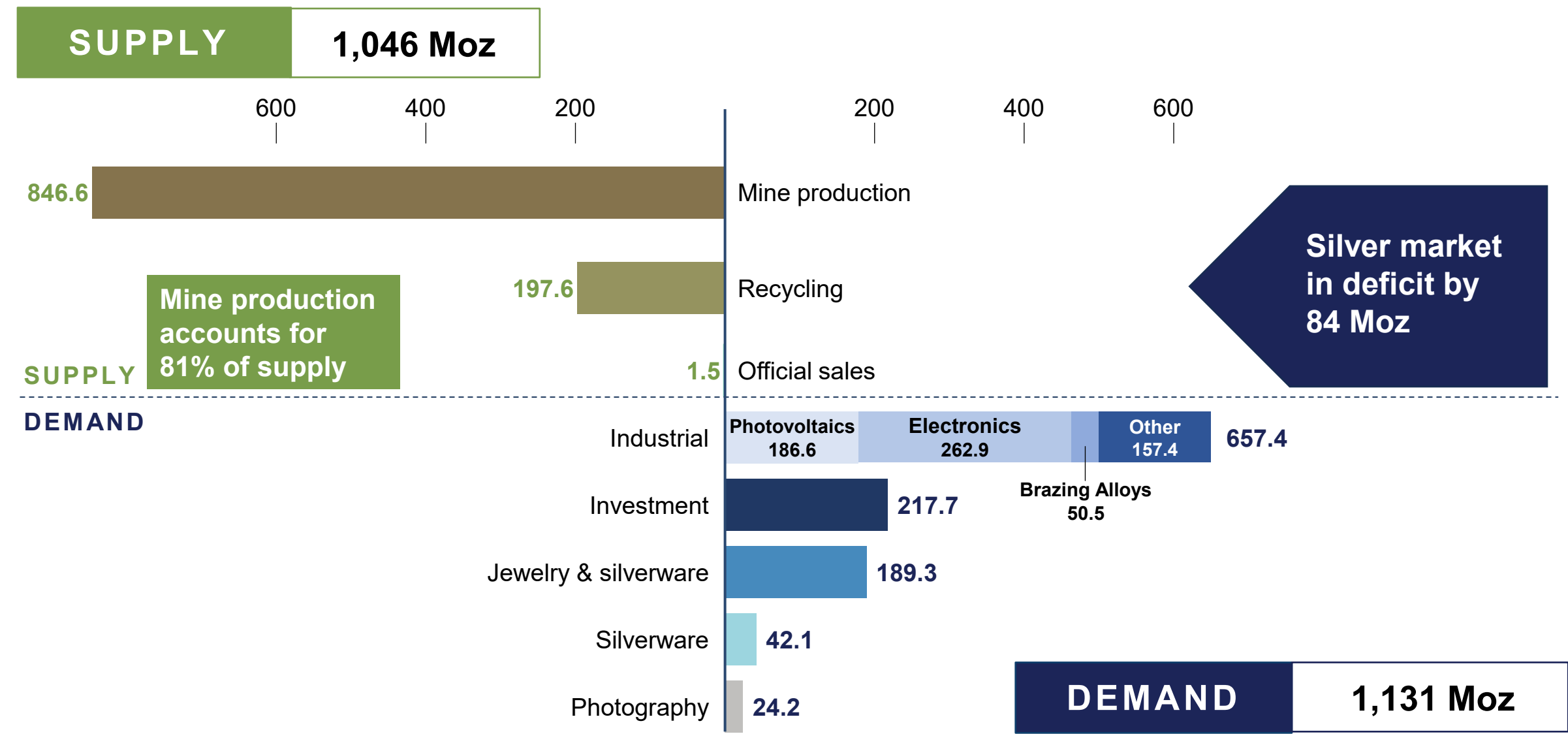
5-Year Silver Supply and Demand



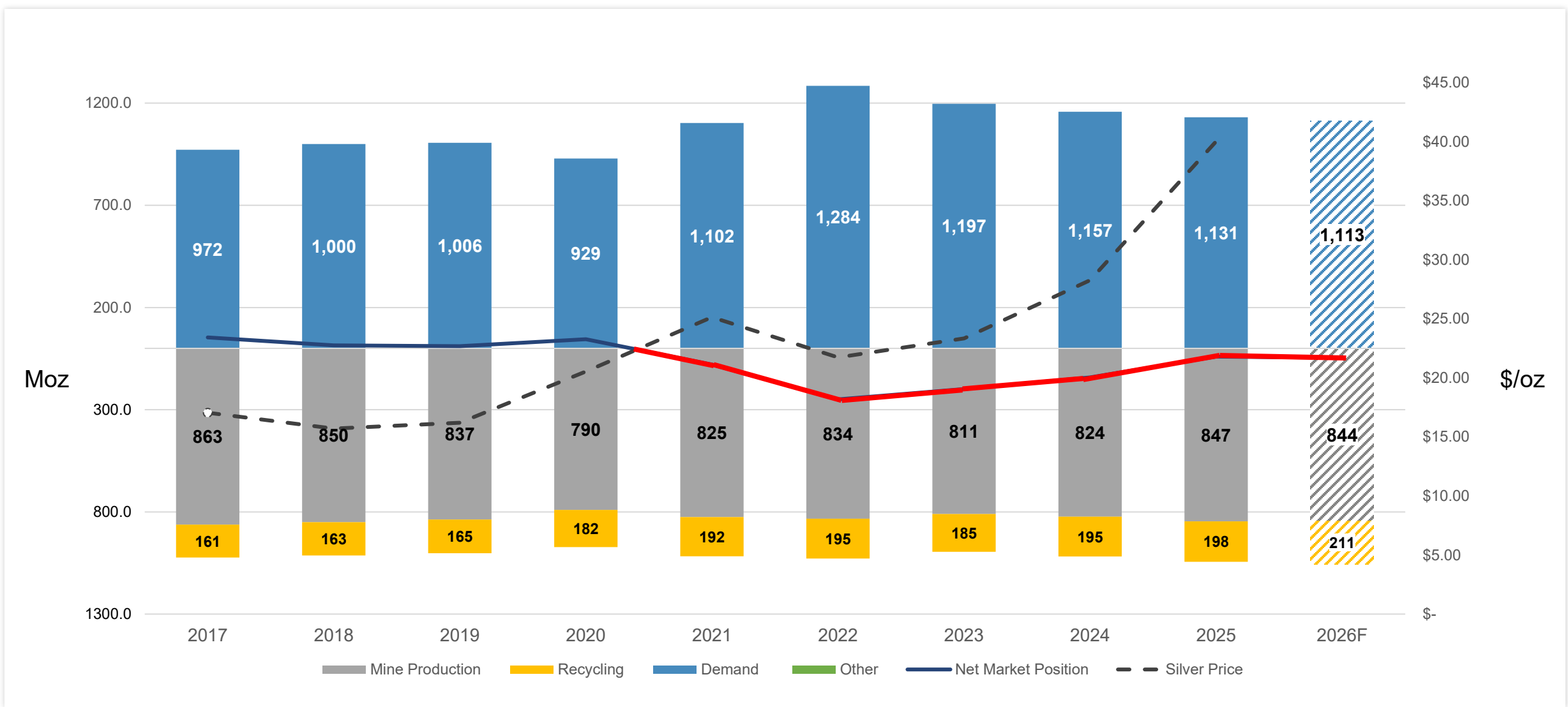
25-Year Change in Demand (Moz)

	2000	2025	Δ Change	% Change
Industrial	378	657	279	+74%
Physical investment	31	218	187	+603%
Jewelry/Silverware	282	193	-89	-32%
Photography	231	24	-207	-90%
Total	922	1,092	170	+18%

2025 Silver Supply And Demand



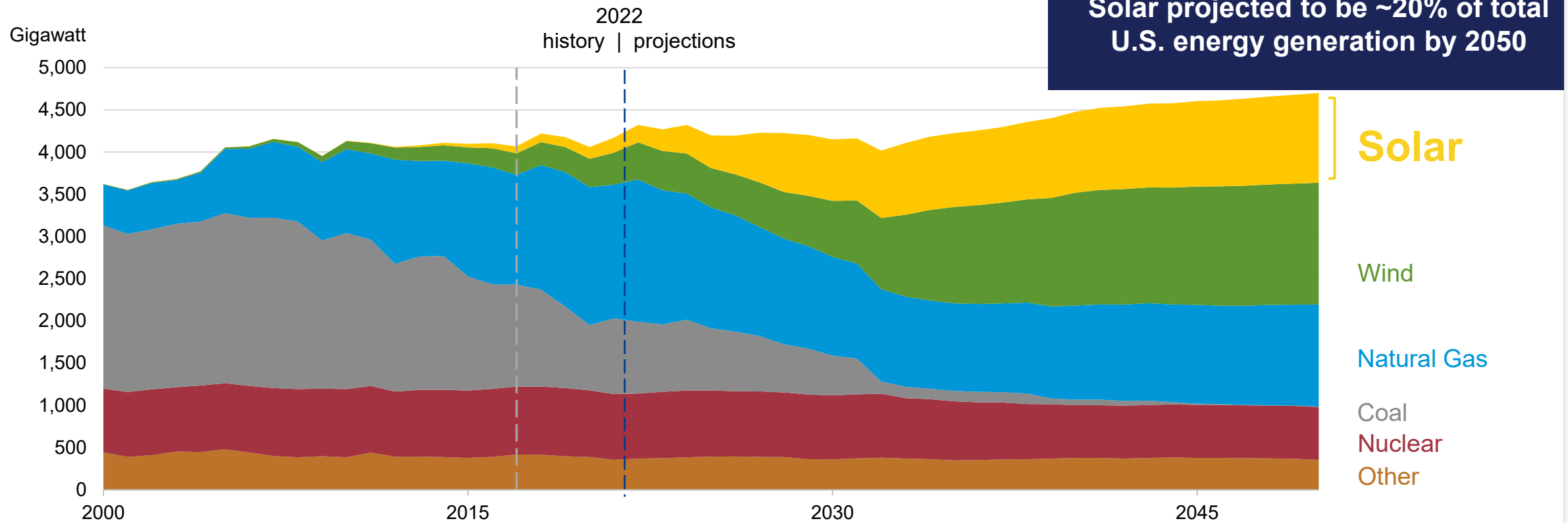
Silver Deficit Is Expected To Continue



Solar Will Be The Largest Source Of Electricity

1 Gigawatt (GW) of solar capacity requires 0.45Moz of silver

U.S. Electricity Generation Sources: 2000-2050

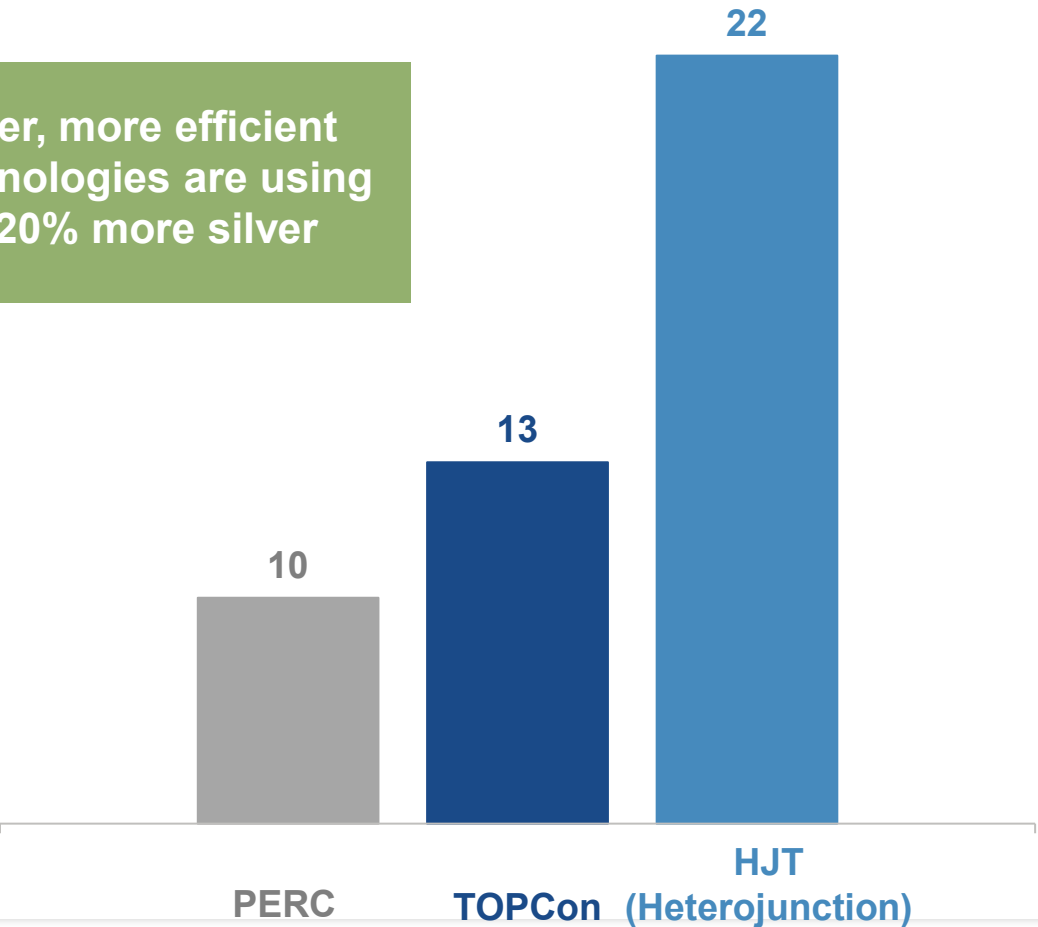


More Efficient Photovoltaic (PV) Technologies Use More Silver And Are Gaining Market Share

Silver Content in PV Technologies

Mg Silver/Watt

Newer, more efficient technologies are using 30-120% more silver

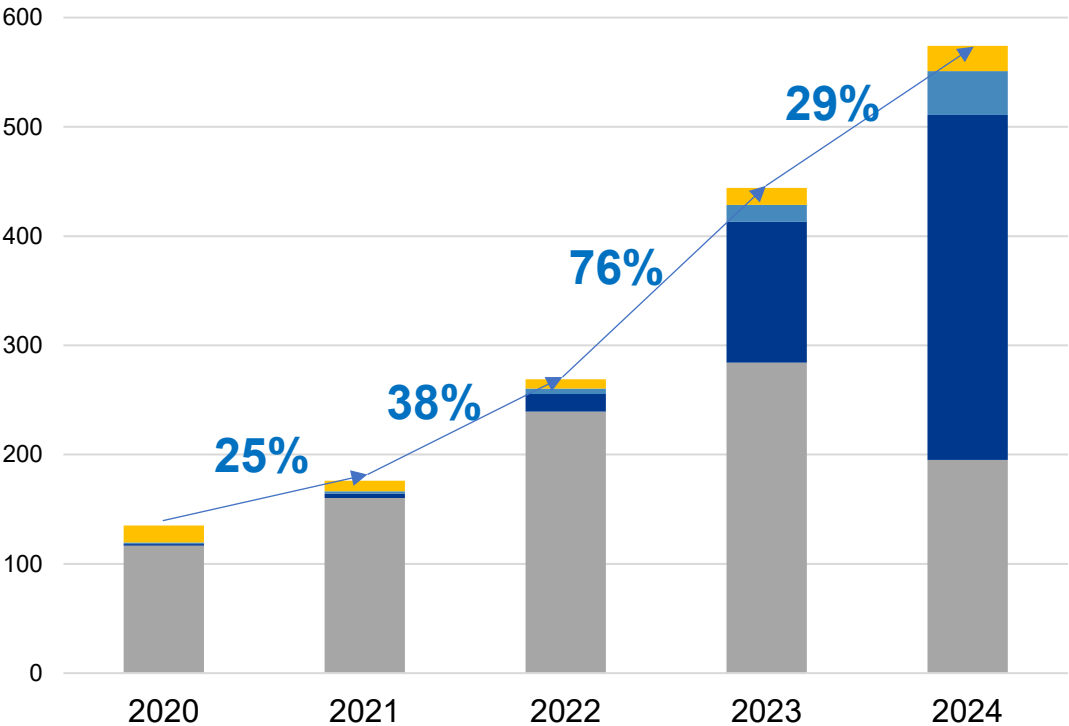


Market Share of PV Technologies

Higher silver using technologies are gaining market share

PV Installations
Gigawatts

PERC TopCon HJT Others



A photograph of two workers in safety gear (hard hats, high-visibility vests, and gloves) crouching by a stream. They are using a blue portable water sampling device to collect a sample from the water. The worker on the left is wearing an orange shirt and a brown hard hat, while the worker on the right is wearing a plaid shirt and a white hard hat. The background shows a rocky stream bed with some green vegetation on the banks.

SUSTAINABILITY

Our sustainable Corporate Governance responsibilities

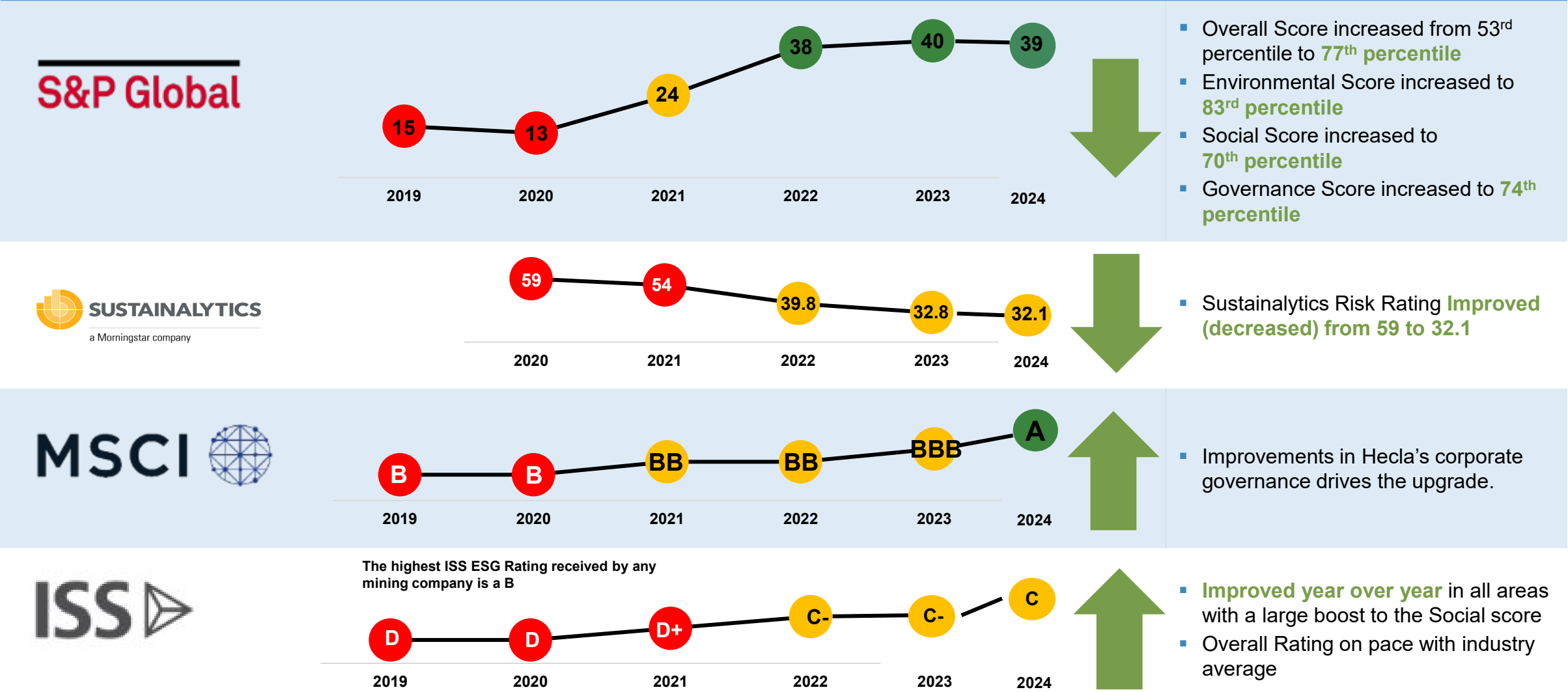
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Sustainability Rating Agency Scores: Significant Improvements Since 2019

Refer to Hecla 2025 Sustainability Report published May 4, 2026

Agency

Progression in ESG Scores



ESG Performance And Ratings



S&P Global

Ranking: 40
76th Percentile

MSCI 

Rating: A
Score: 6.3

 **SUSTAINALYTICS**
a Morningstar company

Score: 32.1 (*0 best, 100 worst*)
Industry 56/107, 52nd percentile
Subindustry 18/25, 71st percentile

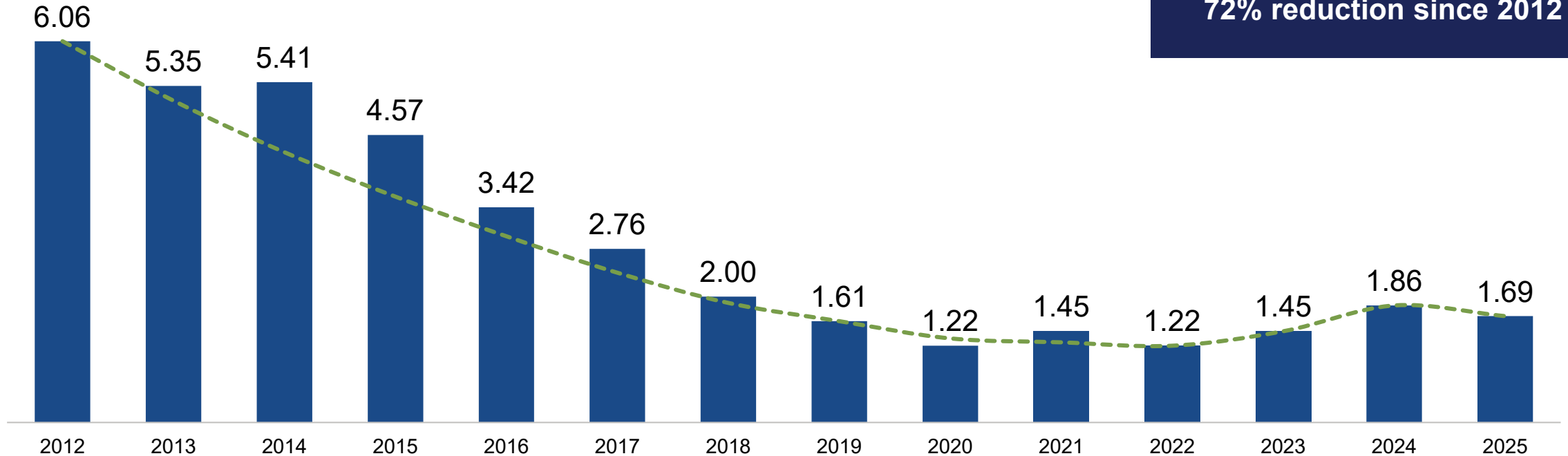
ISS 

Rating: C
Environment: 5 (*1 best, 10 worst*)
Social: 6 (*1 best, 10 worst*)
Governance: 3 (*1 lower, 10 higher*)

Hecla Is Among The Safest Mining Companies

Implemented NMA's CORE Safety standards in 2012, became industry leader

All-Injury Frequency Rate



Hecla's 1.69 rate has seen a 72% reduction since 2012

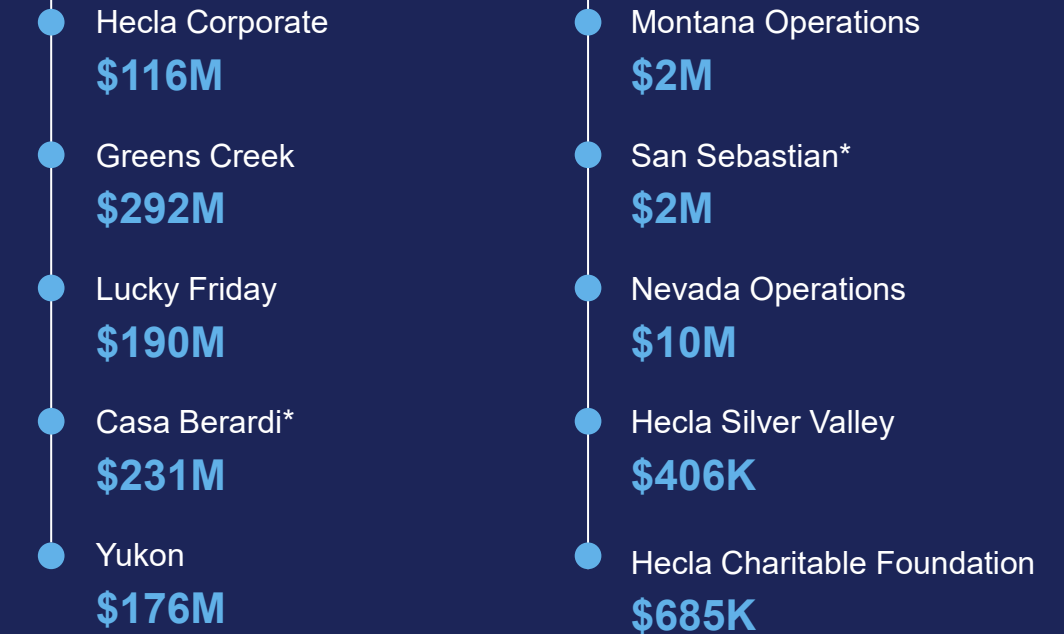
Committed To Our Communities

Largest private employer within the communities we operate, jobs and benefits that last a lifetime

- Total direct economic impact of over \$1 billion
- More than \$1M in scholarships and donations
- More than a living wage – longevity, benefits

Total economic impact in 2025

\$1B+



End Notes

1. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of which to net income, the most comparable GAAP measure, can be found at the end of the release. Adjusted EBITDA is a measure used by management to evaluate the Company's operating performance but should not be considered an alternative to net income, or cash provided by operating activities as those terms are defined by GAAP, and does not necessarily indicate whether cash flows will be sufficient to fund cash needs. In addition, the Company may use it when formulating performance goals and targets under its incentive program.
2. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as cash flow from operations less additions to property, plant and equipment net of finance leases. Reconciliation to GAAP is shown in the appendix.
3. Realized silver margin is a non-GAAP measure and is calculated as realized market price of silver less AISC.
4. All-in sustaining cost ("AISC"), after by-product credits, is a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of which to total cost of sales, the closest GAAP measurement, can be found in the appendix. AISC, after by-product credits, includes total cost of sales and other direct production costs, expenses for reclamation and exploration, and sustaining capital costs at the mine sites. AISC, after by-product credits, for our consolidated silver properties also includes corporate costs for all general and administrative expenses, exploration and sustaining capital which support the operating properties. AISC, after by-product credits, is calculated net of depreciation, depletion, and amortization and by-product credits. Current GAAP measures used in the mining industry, such as cost of goods sold, do not capture all the expenditures incurred to discover, develop and sustain silver and gold production. Management believes that all in sustaining costs is a non-GAAP measure that provides additional information to management, investors and analysts to help in the understanding of the economics of our operations and performance compared to other producers and in the investor's visibility by better defining the total costs associated with production. Similarly, the statistic is useful in identifying acquisition and investment opportunities as it provides a common tool for measuring the financial performance of other mines with varying geologic, metallurgical and operating characteristics. In addition, the Company may use it when formulating performance goals and targets under its incentive program.
5. Cash cost, after by-product credits, per silver and gold ounce represents a non-GAAP measurement, a reconciliation of which to total cost of sales and other direct production costs and depreciation, depletion and amortization (sometimes referred to as "total cost of sales" in this presentation), can be found in the Appendix. It is an important operating statistic that management utilizes to measure each mine's operating performance. It also allows the benchmarking of performance of each mine versus those of our competitors. As a primary U.S. silver mining company, management also uses the statistic on an aggregate basis – aggregating the Greens Creek and Lucky Friday mines – to compare performance with that of other primary silver mining companies. The statistic is useful in identifying acquisition and investment opportunities as it provides a common tool for measuring the financial performance of other mines with varying geologic, metallurgical and operating characteristics. In addition, the Company may use it when formulating performance goals and targets under its incentive program.
6. Silver and gold equivalent (include zinc and lead production) is calculated using the average market prices for the time period noted.
7. Total cost of sales and other direct production costs and depreciation, depletion and amortization, and excludes ramp-up and suspension costs.
8. 2026E refer to Hecla's estimates for 2026. Expectations for 2026 include silver, gold, lead and zinc production from Greens Creek, Lucky Friday, and Keno Hill converted using Au \$4,000/oz, Ag \$50.00/oz, Zn \$1.30/lb, and Pb 0.90\$/lb, for byproduct credit calculations. Numbers are rounded. Assumed exchange rate for Canadian dollar is unchanged at 1.35 CAD/USD.
9. Achieving sustained production at 440 tpd at Keno Hill requires completing key infrastructure investments and obtaining amendments to the Company's Quartz Mining License and Water License, a multi-year process.



GAAP RECONCILIATIONS

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Adjusted EBITDA

Reconciliation of Net Income (GAAP) from Continuing Operations to Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)

Last Twelve Months	Q1 2026	Q4 2025
<i>Dollars in thousands (USD)</i>		
Net income from continuing operations	\$ 164,653	\$ 112,742
Interest expense	5,656	5,396
Income and mining tax expense	50,900	35,367
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	33,768	31,185
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(498)	2,196
Fair value adjustments, net	5,945	19,334
Ramp-up and suspension costs	3,246	2,060
Provisional price gains	(848)	(28,993)
Loss on disposition of properties, plants, equipment, and mineral interests	1,750	6
Stock-based compensation	2,784	3,356
Provision for closed operations and environmental matters	1,297	4,965
Monetization of zinc and lead hedges	-	(72)
Inventory adjustments	-	8,501
Other	(3,549)	5,611
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 265,104	\$ 201,654

Cash Cost and AISC Reconciliation to GAAP

Silver

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce and All-In Sustaining Costs, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026E
<i>In thousands (except per ounce amounts)</i>			
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$ 158,178	\$ 150,077	\$ 469,900
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(33,768)	(27,926)	(107,700)
Treatment costs	3,448	2,525	25,700
Change in product inventory	(5,384)	(4,823)	-
Reclamation and other costs	(1,041)	(820)	-
Cash costs excluded	(17,923)	(14,931)	-
Exclusion of other costs	(4,939)	(8,671)	100
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	98,571	95,431	388,000
Reclamation and other costs	1,159	952	4,000
Sustaining capital	22,066	38,551	147,800
General and administrative	15,753	19,215	63,400
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	137,549	154,149	603,200
Total By-product credits	(109,644)	(96,168)	(404,700)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	\$ (11,073)	\$ (737)	\$ (16,700)
AISC, After By-product Credits	\$ 27,905	\$ 57,981	\$ 198,500
Divided by ounces produced	3,414	3,202	12,750
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 28.87	\$ 29.80	\$ 30.43
By-product credits per Silver Ounce	(32.11)	(30.03)	(31.74)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (3.24)	\$ (0.23)	\$ (1.31)
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	40.28	48.14	\$ 47.31
By-products credit per Silver Ounce	(32.11)	(30.03)	(31.74)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 8.17	\$ 18.11	\$ 15.57

Cash Cost and AISC Reconciliation to GAAP

Greens Creek

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce and All-In Sustaining Costs, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026E
<i>In thousands (except per ounce amounts)</i>			
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$ 82,358	\$ 79,963	\$ 286,300
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(15,983)	(13,244)	(56,100)
Treatment costs	895	242	17,800
Change in product inventory	(5,383)	(4,485)	-
Reclamation and other costs	(846)	(537)	(1,500)
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	61,041	61,939	246,500
Reclamation and other costs	934	757	3,000
Sustaining capital	6,795	17,516	67,400
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	68,770	80,212	316,900
Total By-product credits	(87,053)	(74,953)	(315,000)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	\$ (26,012)	\$ (13,014)	\$ (68,500)
AISC, After By-product Credits	\$ (18,283)	\$ 5,259	\$ 1,900
Divided by ounces produced	2,177	1,952	7,800
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 28.04	\$ 31.73	\$ 31.60
By-products credits per Silver Ounce	(39.98)	(38.40)	(40.38)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (11.94)	\$ (6.67)	\$ (8.78)
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$31.59	\$41.10	\$ 40.63
By-product credits per Silver Ounce	(39.98)	(38.40)	(40.38)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ (8.39)	\$ 2.70	\$ 0.25

Cash Cost and AISC Reconciliation to GAAP

Lucky Friday

Total Cost of Sales (GAAP) to Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits and Cash Cost, After By-product Credits (non-GAAP) and All-In Sustaining Costs, Before By-product Credits, per Ounce and All-In Sustaining Costs, After By-product Credits, per Ounce (non-GAAP)

	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	2026E
<i>In thousands (except per ounce amounts)</i>			
Total cost of sales (GAAP)	\$ 48,782	\$ 42,714	\$ 183,600
Depreciation, depletion and amortization	(13,609)	(10,884)	(51,600)
Treatment costs	2,553	2,283	7,900
Change in product inventory	(1)	(338)	-
Reclamation and other costs	(195)	(283)	1,600
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	37,530	33,492	141,500
Reclamation and other costs	225	195	1,000
Sustaining capital	14,263	19,693	69,400
AISC, Before By-product Credits ⁽¹⁾	52,018	53,380	211,900
Total By-product credits	(22,591)	(21,215)	(89,700)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits	\$ 14,939	\$ 12,277	\$ 51,800
AISC, After By-product Credits	\$ 29,427	\$ 32,165	\$ 122,200
Divided by ounces produced	1,237	1,250	4,950
Cash Cost, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 30.33	\$ 26.79	\$ 28.59
By-products credits per Silver Ounce	(18.26)	(16.97)	(18.12)
Cash Cost, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 12.07	\$ 9.82	\$ 10.47
AISC, Before By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 42.04	\$ 42.70	\$ 42.81
By-products credits per Silver Ounce	(18.26)	(16.97)	(18.12)
AISC, After By-product Credits, per Silver Ounce	\$ 23.78	\$ 25.73	\$ 24.69

Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP) Reconciliation

Reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations (GAAP) to Free Cash Flow of continuing operations (non-GAAP)

	Q4-2025	Q1-2026
<i>Dollars in millions (USD)</i>		
Cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations	165.7	182.9
Less: Capital additions	<u>(65.9)</u>	<u>(39.3)</u>
Free Cash Flow from continuing operations	<u>\$ 99.8</u>	<u>\$ 143.6</u>

Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP) Reconciliation

Q1 2026 Reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities of continuing operations (GAAP) to Free Cash Flow of continuing operations(non-GAAP) for All Operations

	Greens Creek	Lucky Friday	Keno Hill
<i>in millions</i>			
Cash provided by operating activities	131.4	64.6	29.6
Additions to property, plant and mineral interest	(6.1)	(17.0)	(15.0)
Exploration	<u>0.3</u>	<u>1.0</u>	<u>1.4</u>
Free Cash Flow	<u>\$125.6</u>	<u>\$48.6</u>	<u>\$16.0</u>

A man with a beard and long hair tied back, wearing a red safety vest over a dark blue t-shirt, is focused on typing on a laptop. He is standing in a workshop or industrial setting, with various tools, equipment, and materials visible in the background. The scene is well-lit, and the man's concentration is evident as he works.

MINERAL RESERVES AND RESOURCES

RESPONSIBLE. SAFE. INNOVATIVE.

Mineral Reserves – 12/31/2025⁽¹⁾ (1/4)

Proven Reserves ⁽¹⁾											
Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	13	23.93	0.120	3.0	7.8	309	1.5	390	1,000
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	4,747	11.82	-	7.5	3.8	56,096	-	355,370	181,180
Keno Hill ^(2,5)		100.0%	9	23.51	-	2.4	6.2	235	-	220	600
Total			4,769					56,640	1.5	355,980	182,780

Mineral Reserves – 12/31/2025⁽¹⁾ (2/4)

Probable Reserves ⁽⁷⁾											
Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	10,166	10.41	0.083	2.3	6.3	105,788	841	237,730	637,130
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	1,636	9.47	-	6.0	3.7	15,493	-	97,590	60,710
Keno Hill ^(2,5)		100.0%	2,104	25.28	0.007	2.9	2.9	53,172	16	61,600	61,230
Total			13,906					174,453	857	396,920	759,070

Mineral Reserves – 12/31/2025⁽¹⁾ (3/4)

Proven and Probable Reserves											
Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead Tons	Zinc Tons
Greens Creek ^(2,3)		100.0%	10,179	10.42	0.083	2.3	6.3	106,097	842	238,120	638,130
Lucky Friday ^(2,4)		100.0%	6,383	11.22	-	7.1	3.8	71,589	-	452,960	241,890
Keno Hill ^(2,5)		100.0%	2,113	25.28	0.007	2.9	2.9	53,407	16	61,820	61,830
Total			18,675					231,093	858	752,900	941,850

Mineral Reserves – 12/31/2025⁽¹⁾ (4/4)

1. The term “reserve” means an estimate of tonnage and grade or quality of indicated and measured mineral resources that, in the opinion of the qualified person, can be the basis of an economically viable project. More specifically, it is the economically mineable part of a measured or indicated mineral resource, which includes diluting materials and allowances for losses that may occur when the material is mined or extracted. The term “proven reserves” means the economically mineable part of a measured mineral resource and can only result from conversion of a measured mineral resource. See footnotes 8 and 9 below.
2. Mineral reserves are based on \$25/oz silver, \$2100/oz gold, \$0.90/lb lead, \$1.15/lb zinc, unless otherwise stated. All Mineral Reserves are reported in-situ with estimates of mining dilution and mining loss.
3. The reserve NSR cut-off values for Greens Creek are \$275/ton for all zones; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2025): 79.3% for silver, 74% for gold, 82.6% for lead, and 88.8% for zinc.
4. The reserve NSR cut-off values for Lucky Friday are \$280/ton for all veins; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2025): 94.5% for silver, 94.3% for lead, and 85.1% for zinc.
5. The reserve NSR cut-off value at Keno Hill is \$336/ton (CAN\$500/tonne), Metallurgical recovery (actual 2025): 96.2% for silver, 94% for lead, 81% for zinc; US\$/CAN\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35
6. The term “probable reserves” means the economically mineable part of an indicated and, in some cases, a measured mineral resource. See footnotes 9 and 10 below.

Totals may not represent the sum of parts due to rounding

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (1/6)

Measured Resources⁽⁹⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	1,806	11.81	-	7.4	2.1	-	21,328	-	134,280	37,610	-
Keno Hill ^(12,15)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire Creek ^(16,17)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hollister ^(16,18)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midas ^(16,19)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Star ^(12,20)		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	881	-	0.085	-	-	-	-	75	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	32	-	0.060	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total			2,719						21,328	77	134,280	37,610	-

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (2/6)

Indicated Resources⁽¹⁰⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	5,844	15.17	0.112	3.4	8.9	-	88,655	653	200,430	522,550	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	1,619	11.87	-	6.2	1.5	-	19,213	-	100,200	24,850	-
Keno Hill ^(12,15)		100.0%	583	24.09	0.009	2.5	6.3	-	14,039	5	14,460	36,710	-
Fire Creek ^(16,17)		100.0%	186	0.85	0.380	-	-	-	158	71	-	-	-
Hollister ^(16,18)		100.0%	95	2.38	0.547	-	-	-	227	52	-	-	-
Midas ^(16,19)		100.0%	100	5.34	0.394	-	-	-	536	40	-	-	-
Star ^(12,20)		100.0%	375	4.65	-	9.9	10.5	-	1,744	-	37,110	39,330	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	3,116	-	0.100	-	-	-	-	311	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	960	-	0.079	-	-	-	-	76	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	4,843	-	0.119	-	-	-	-	577	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	927	-	0.133	-	-	-	-	123	-	-	-
Total			18,648						124,572	1,908	352,200	623,440	-

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (3/6)

Measured & Indicated Resources

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	5,844	15.17	0.112	3.4	8.9	-	88,655	653	200,430	522,550	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	3,425	11.84	-	6.8	1.8	-	40,541	-	234,480	62,460	-
Keno Hill ^(12,15)		100.0%	583	24.09	0.009	2.5	6.3	-	14,039	5	14,460	36,710	-
Fire Creek ^(16,17)		100.0%	186	0.85	0.380	-	-	-	158	71	-	-	-
Hollister ^(16,18)		100.0%	95	2.38	0.547	-	-	-	227	52	-	-	-
Midas ^(16,19)		100.0%	100	5.34	0.394	-	-	-	536	40	-	-	-
Star ^(12,20)		100.0%	375	4.65	-	9.9	10.5	-	1,744	-	37,110	39,330	-
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	3,997	-	0.097	-	-	-	-	386	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	992	-	0.079	-	-	-	-	78	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	4,843	-	0.119	-	-	-	-	577	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	927	-	0.133	-	-	-	-	123	-	-	-
Total			21,367						145,900	1,985	486,480	661,050	-

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (4/6)

Inferred Resources⁽¹¹⁾

Asset	Location	Ownership	Tons (000)	Silver (oz/ton)	Gold (oz/ton)	Lead %	Zinc %	Copper %	Silver (000 oz)	Gold (000 oz)	Lead (Tons)	Zinc (Tons)	Copper (Tons)
Greens Creek ^(12,13)		100.0%	1,431	16.29	0.107	3.2	8.0	-	23,314	153	45,720	113,910	-
Lucky Friday ^(12,14)		100.0%	2,238	11.63	-	8.6	2.9	-	26,033	-	192,010	65,770	-
Keno Hill ^(12,15)		100.0%	662	16.69	0.005	1.9	3.8	-	11,044	4	12,450	25,350	-
Fire Creek ^(16,17)		100.0%	1,108	0.45	0.433	-	-	-	501	479	-	-	-
Fire Creek - Open Pit ⁽²¹⁾		100.0%	74,584	0.07	0.029	-	-	-	5,232	2,178	-	-	-
Hollister ^(16,18)		100.0%	821	2.61	0.376	-	-	-	2,145	309	-	-	-
Midas ^(16,19)		100.0%	1,665	5.09	0.413	-	-	-	8,466	687	-	-	-
Star ^(12,20)		100.0%	667	4.87	-	9.4	9.2	-	3,245	-	62,810	61,440	-
San Juan Silver ^(12,22)		100.0%	2,310	15.92	0.011	1.4	1.1	-	36,760	26	49,270	40,310	-
Monte Cristo ⁽²³⁾		100.0%	576	0.23	0.183	-	-	-	135	106	-	-	-
Rock Creek ^(12,24)		100.0%	99,258	1.49	-	-	-	0.66	148,291	-	-	-	656,060
Libby Exploration Project ^(12,25)		100.0%	112,185	1.63	-	-	-	0.68	183,346	-	-	-	759,420
Rackla - Tiger Open Pit ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	30	-	0.051	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Rackla - Tiger Underground ⁽²⁶⁾		100.0%	153	-	0.069	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Open Pit ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	5,919	-	0.089	-	-	-	-	529	-	-	-
Rackla - Osiris Underground ⁽²⁷⁾		100.0%	4,398	-	0.117	-	-	-	-	515	-	-	-
Total			308,005						448,512	4,999	362,260	306,780	1,415,480

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (5/6)

Note: All estimates are in-situ except for the proven reserves at Greens Creek which are in surface stockpiles. Mineral resources are exclusive of reserves.

8. The term "mineral resources" means a concentration or occurrence of material of economic interest in or on the Earth's crust in such form, grade or quality, and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for economic extraction. A mineral resource is a reasonable estimate of mineralization, taking into account relevant factors such as cut-off grade, likely mining dimensions, location or continuity, that, with the assumed and justifiable technical and economic conditions, is likely to, in whole or in part, become economically extractable. It is not merely an inventory of all mineralization drilled or sampled.
9. The term "measured resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of conclusive geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological certainty associated with a measured mineral resource is sufficient to allow a qualified person to apply modifying factors in sufficient detail to support detailed mine planning and final evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Because a measured mineral resource has a higher level of confidence than the level of confidence of either an indicated mineral resource or an inferred mineral resource, a measured mineral resource may be converted to a proven mineral reserve or to a probable mineral reserve.
10. The term "indicated resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of adequate geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological certainty associated with an indicated mineral resource is sufficient to allow a qualified person to apply modifying factors in sufficient detail to support mine planning and evaluation of the economic viability of the deposit. Because an indicated mineral resource has a lower level of confidence than the level of confidence of a measured mineral resource, an indicated mineral resource may only be converted to a probable mineral reserve.
11. The term "inferred resources" means that part of a mineral resource for which quantity and grade or quality are estimated on the basis of limited geological evidence and sampling. The level of geological uncertainty associated with an inferred mineral resource is too high to apply relevant technical and economic factors likely to influence the prospects of economic extraction in a manner useful for evaluation of economic viability. Because an inferred mineral resource has the lowest level of geological confidence of all mineral resources, which prevents the application of the modifying factors in a manner useful for evaluation of economic viability, an inferred mineral resource may not be considered when assessing the economic viability of a mining project and may not be converted to a mineral reserve.
12. Mineral resources are based on \$2,250/oz gold, \$26/oz silver, \$0.90/lb lead, \$1.20/lb zinc and \$4.00/lb copper, unless otherwise stated.
13. The resource NSR cut-off values for Greens Creek are \$275/ton for all zones; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2025): 79.3% for silver, 74% for gold, 82.6% for lead, and 88.8% for zinc.
14. The resource NSR cut-off value for Lucky Friday is \$280/ton; metallurgical recoveries (actual 2025): 94.5% for silver, 94.3% for lead, and 85.1% for zinc
15. The resource NSR cut-off value at Keno Hill is \$336.00/ton (CAN\$500/tonne); using minimum width of 4.5 feet (1.5m); metallurgical recovery (actual 2025): 96.2% for silver, 94% for lead, 81% for zinc; US\$/CAN\$ exchange rate: 1:1.35

Mineral Resources - 12/31/2025⁽⁸⁾ (6/6)

16. Mineral resources for Fire Creek, Hollister and Midas are reported using a minimum mining width of four feet or the vein true thickness plus two feet, whichever is greater.
17. Fire Creek underground mineral resources are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.228 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 90% for gold and 70% for silver.
18. Hollister mineral resources, including the Hatter Graben are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.191 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for gold and 66% for silver
19. Midas mineral resources are reported at a gold equivalent cut-off grade of 0.183 oz/ton. Metallurgical recoveries: 90% for gold and 70% for silver. Inferred resources for the Sinter Zone are reported undiluted.
20. Indicated and Inferred resources at the Star property are reported using a minimum mining width of 4.3 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$280/ton; Metallurgical recovery: 93% for silver, 93% for lead, and 87% for zinc.
21. Inferred open-pit resources for Fire Creek calculated November 30, 2017 using gold and silver recoveries of 65% and 30% for oxide material and 60% and 25% for mixed oxide-sulfide material. Indicated Resources reclassified as Inferred in 2019. Open pit resources are calculated at \$1400 gold and \$19.83 silver and cut-off grade of 0.01 Au Equivalent oz/ton and is inclusive of 10% mining dilution and 5% ore loss. Open pit mineral resources exclusive of underground mineral resources. NI43-101 Technical Report for the Fire Creek Project, Lander County, Nevada; Effective Date March 31, 2018; prepared by Practical Mining LLC, Mark Odell, P.E. for Hecla Mining Company, June 28, 2018.
22. Inferred resources reported at a minimum mining width of 6.0 feet for Bulldog and an NSR cut-off value of \$206/ton, and 5.0 feet for Equity and North Amethyst veins at an NSR cut-off value of \$206/ton; Metallurgical recoveries based on grade dependent recovery curves; metal recoveries at the mean resource grade average 89% silver, 74% lead, and 81% zinc for the Bulldog and a constant 85% gold and 85% silver for North Amethyst and Equity.
23. Inferred resource at Monte Cristo reported at a minimum mining width of 5.0 feet and a 0.094 oz/ton gold cut-off grade. Metallurgical recovery: 85% for gold and 85% silver.
24. Inferred resource at Rock Creek reported at a minimum thickness of 15 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$35.10/ton; Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for silver and 92% for copper. Resources adjusted based on mining restrictions as defined by U.S. Forest Service, Kootenai National Forest in the June 2003 'Record of Decision, Rock Creek Project'.
25. Inferred resource at Libby reported at a minimum thickness of 15 feet and an NSR cut-off value of \$35.10/ton NSR; Metallurgical recoveries: 88% for silver and 92% copper. Resources adjusted based on mining restrictions as defined by U.S. Forest Service, Kootenai National Forest, Montana DEQ in December 2015 'Joint Final EIS, Montanore Project' and the February 2016 U.S Forest Service - Kootenai National Forest 'Record of Decision, Montanore Project'.
26. Mineral resources at the Rackla-Tiger Project are based on a gold price of \$1650/oz, metallurgical recovery of 95% for gold, and cut-off grades of 0.02 oz/ton gold for the open pit portion of the resources and 0.04 oz/ton gold for the underground portions of the resources; US\$/CAN\$ exchange rate: 1:1.3.
27. Mineral resources at the Rackla-Osiris Project are based on a gold price of \$1850/oz, metallurgical recovery of 83% for gold, and cut-off grades of 0.03 oz/ton gold for the open pit portion of the resources and 0.06 oz/ton gold for the underground portions of the resources; US\$/CAN\$ exchange rate: 1:1.3.

Totals may not represent the sum of parts due to rounding